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DISSERTATION PRESENTATION AND DEFENSE

ROBUSTNESS AND MODEL ADAPTIVITY IN STOCHASTIC PROGRAMMING

WHEN

April 19, 2022

9:00 AM

WHERE

Zoom Meeting

For ZOOM presentations, details will be provided in an email announcement for this seminar.



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In the thesis, we study the problems regarding robustness and model adaptivity with stochastic optimization.

First, we formally address two robust concerns. 1. Finite sample cannot well represent the entire population. 2. Data modeling assumptions can be wrong (misspecified). For the first robust concern, we propose an alternative of the popular regularization method based on distributionally robust optimization and clarify their connection and derive finite dimensional computational formulation based on that. For the second robust concern we study Huber's loss within a modern non-asymptotic setting. We further study the second robust concern with the stochastic gradient descent algorithm and propose how to amend SGD to defend possibly maliciously outlier attack (which can be considered as a stronger version of second robust concern) and justify the statistical optimality.

We study the model adaptivity of training neural network by gradient flow via a dynamic reproducing kernel Hilbert space (RKHS) approach. We show that when reaching any local stationarity, gradient flow learns an adaptive RKHS representation and performs the global least-squares projection onto the adaptive RKHS simultaneously. This approach gives intuition of the benefits of training neural network over only viewing the neural network as a neural tangent kernel.

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