

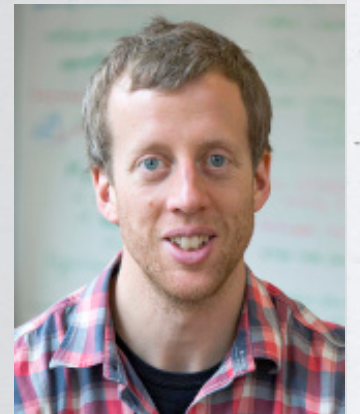
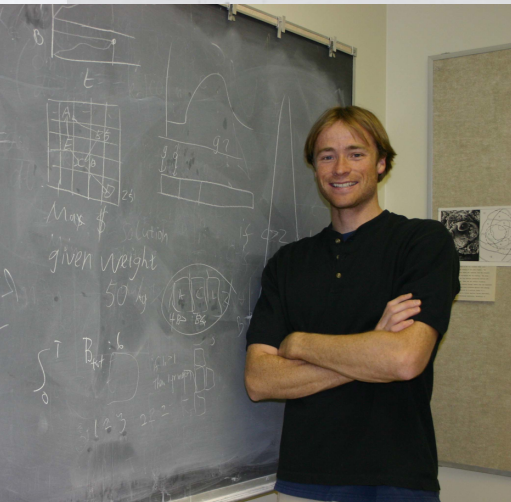
FINDING CULTURAL HOLES

How Structure and Culture Diverge
in Networks of Scholarly Communication

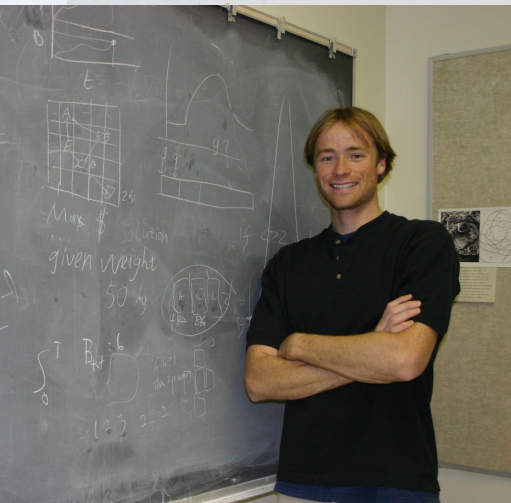


Jacob G. Foster
Department of Sociology
UCLA

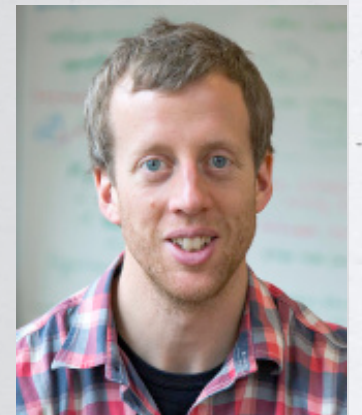
...with Daril Vilhena, Martin Rosvall,
Jevin West, James Evans, and Carl Bergstrom...



...with Daril Vilhena, Martin Rosvall,
Jevin West, James Evans, and Carl Bergstrom...



forthcoming:



PRELUDE



Structure & Culture



STRUCTURE

★★★★★

“Patterning of social connections among individuals, among groups, and other aggregates...”

★★★★★

—Pachucki and Breiger, *Annu. Rev. Sociol.* 36, 2010

CULTURE



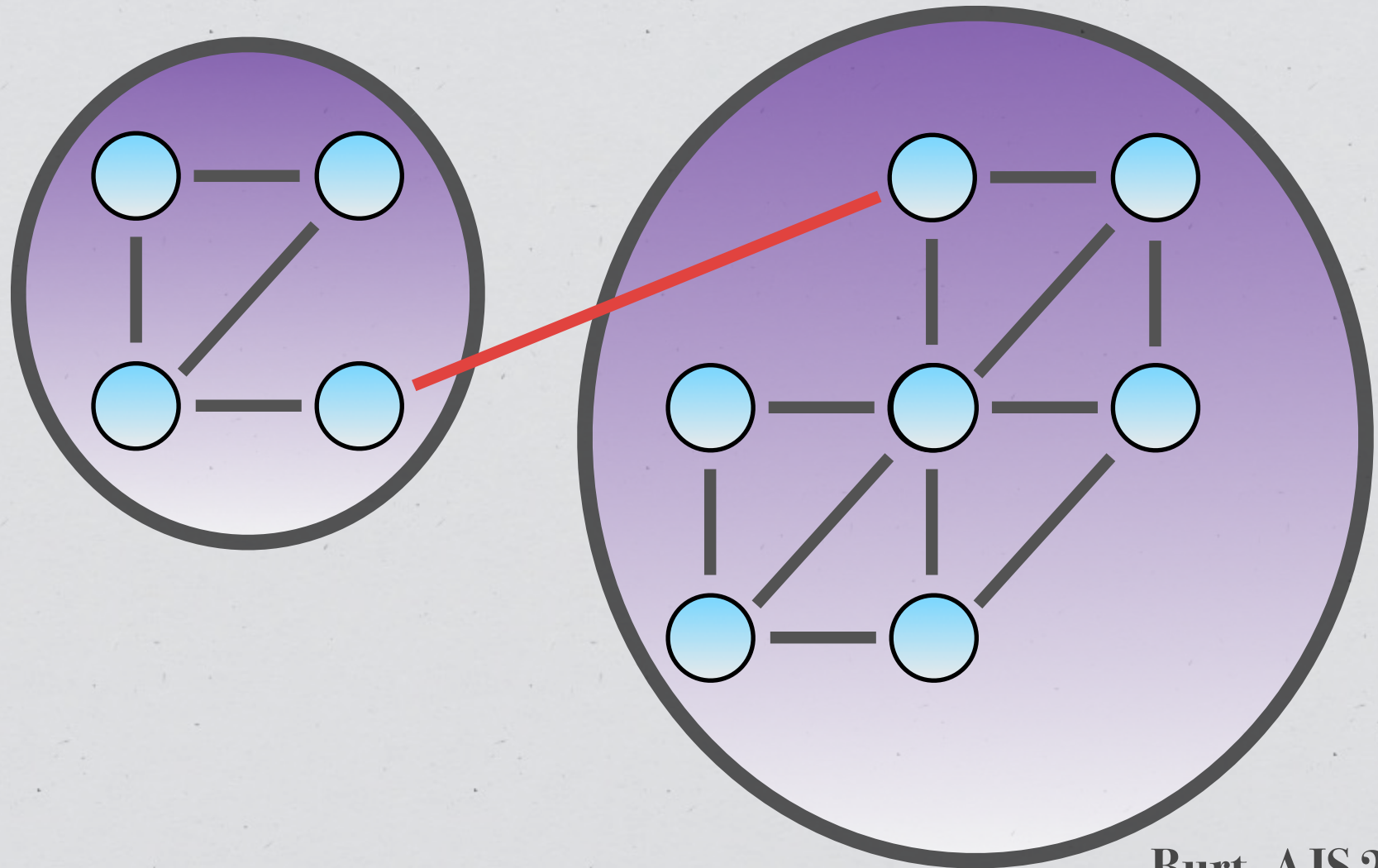
“...meanings, local practices, discourse,
repertoires, and norms...”

—Pachucki and Breiger, *Annu. Rev. Sociol.* 36, 2010



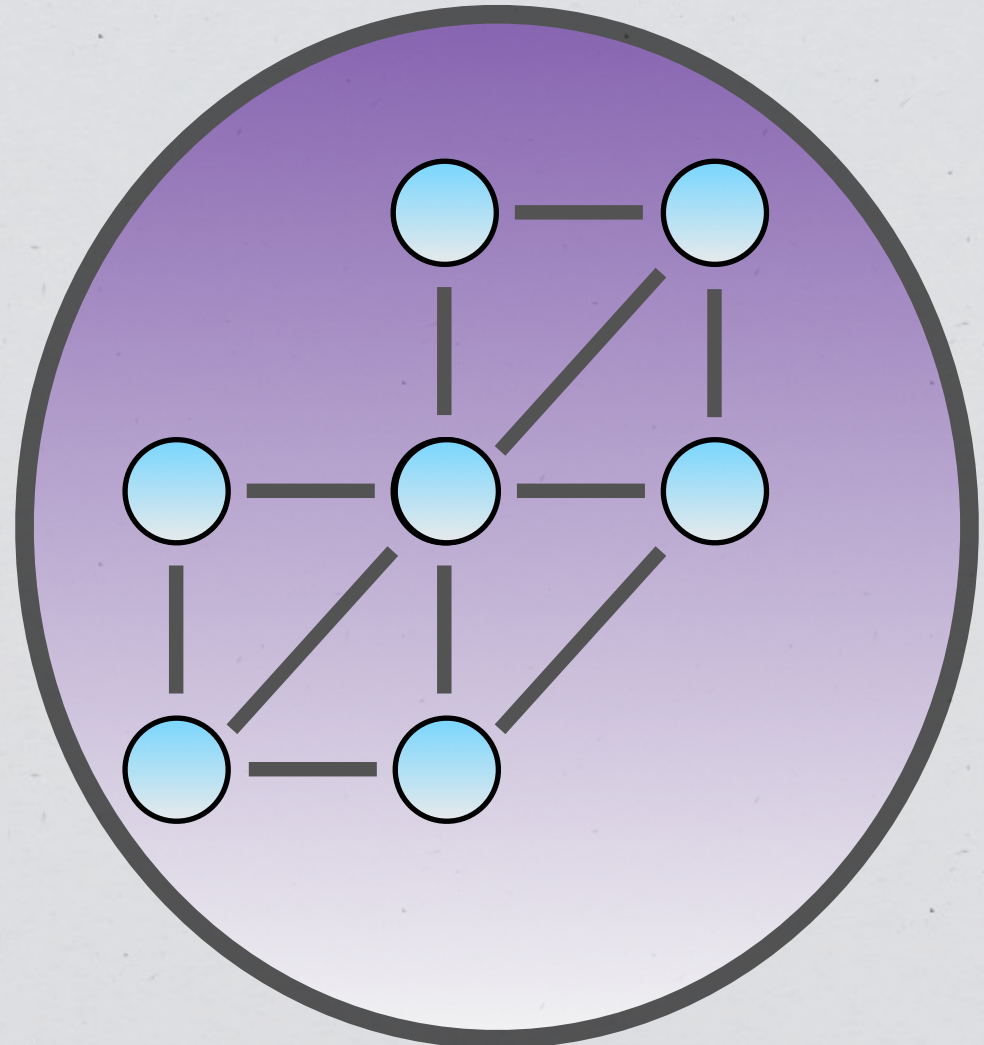
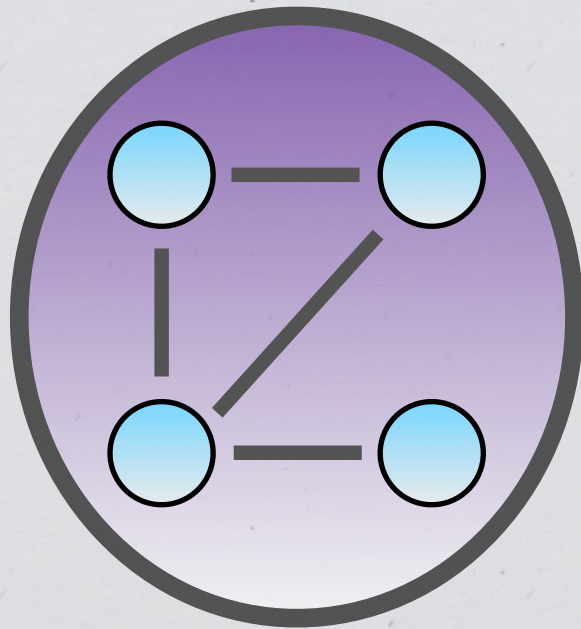
NETWORK ANALYSIS PRIVILEGES STRUCTURE

Structural Hole



Burt, AJS 2004

Cultural Hole

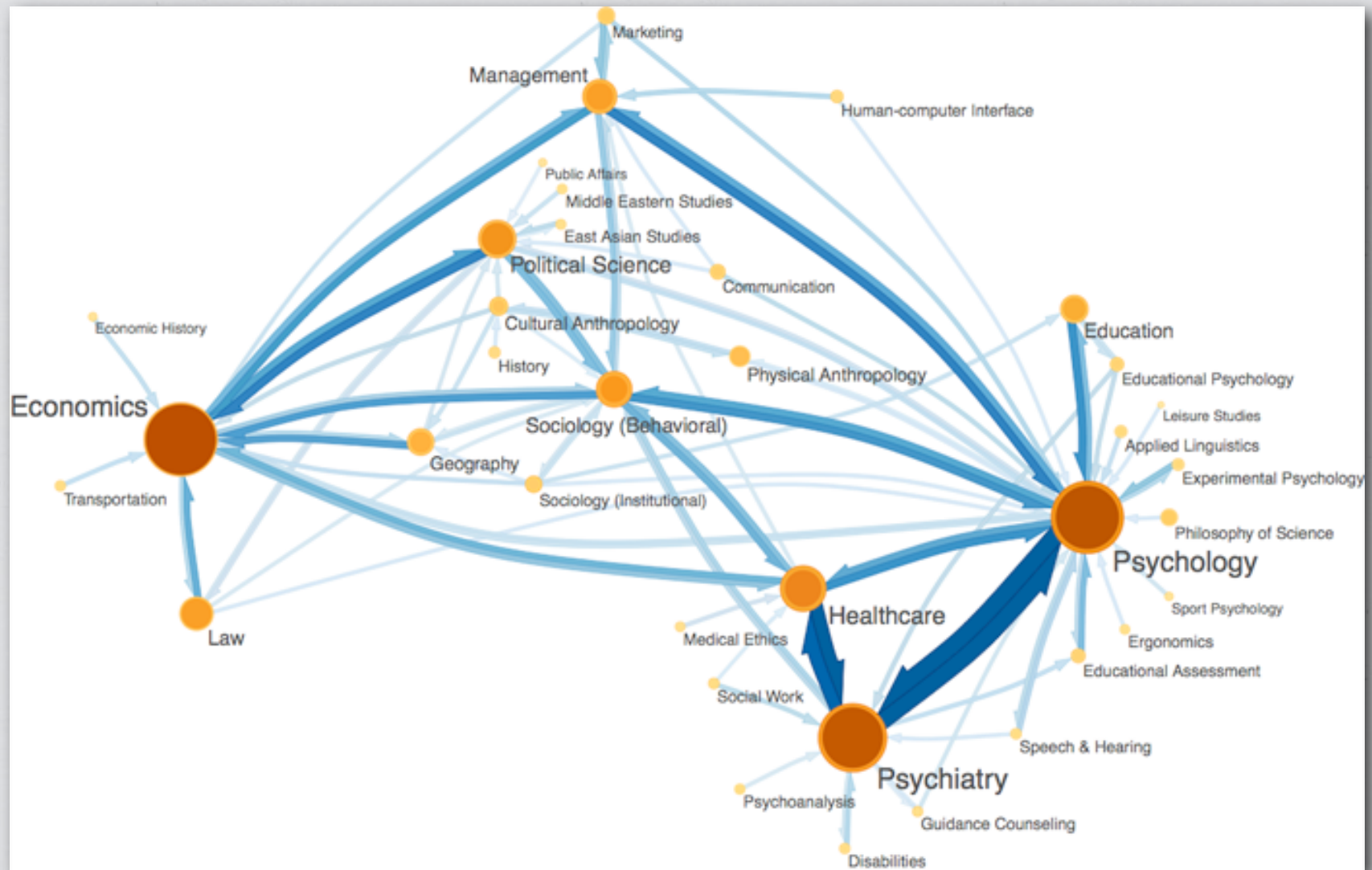


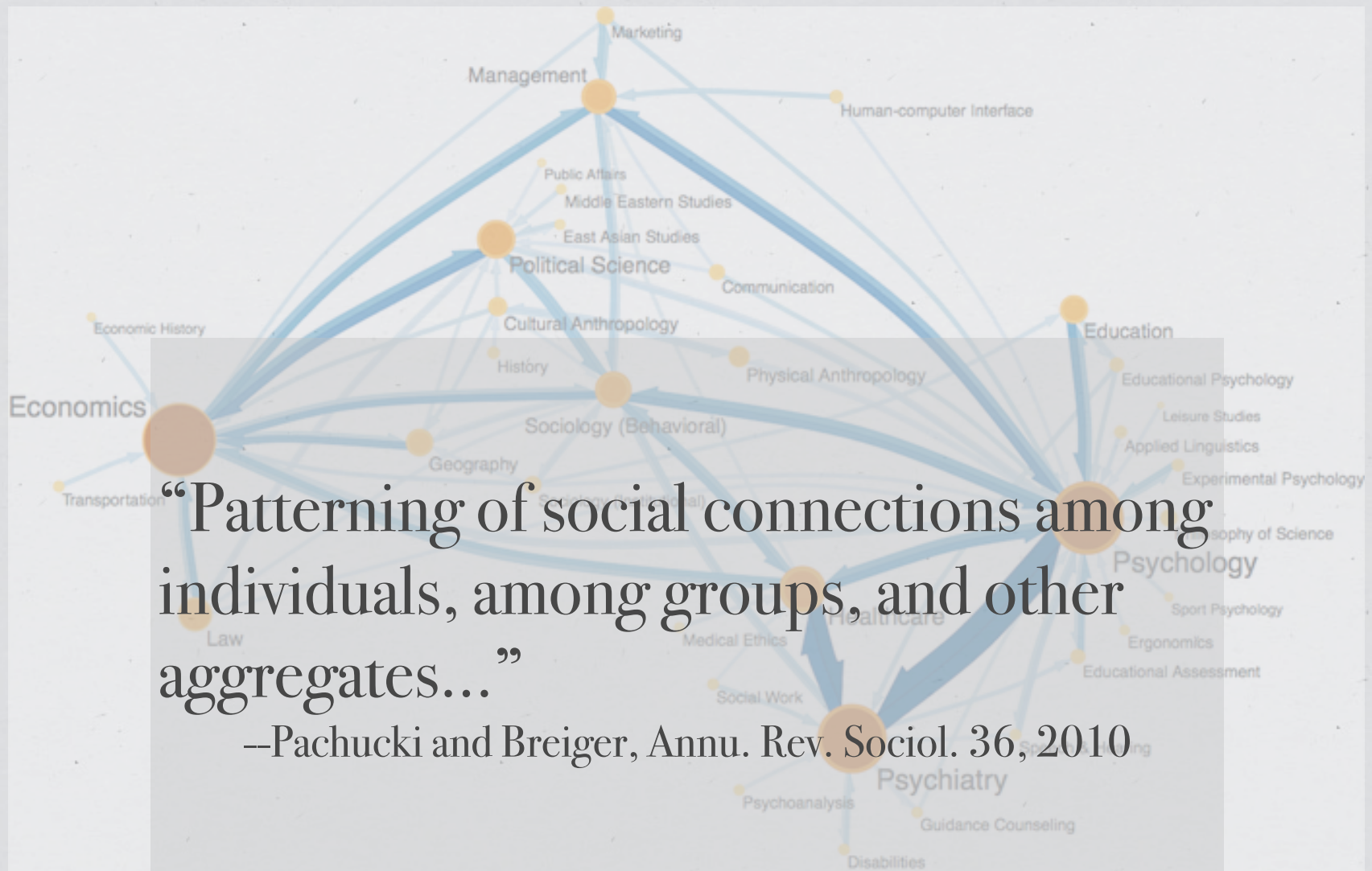
Pachucki & Breiger, 2010

Scientific Communication



Citations reveal





and conceal



**Every science requires
a special language,
because every science
has its own ideas.**



Etienne Bonnot de Condillac

Fitness landscape...



**Comparing expected
relative reproductive
success across multiple
genotypes...**



Jargon facilitates...

- * “The $N = 4$ super Yang-Mills plasma is studied in the regime of weak coupling. Collective excitations and collisional processes are discussed and compared to those of QCD plasma. The two systems are concluded to be very similar to each other with the differences mostly reflecting different numbers of degrees of freedom.”

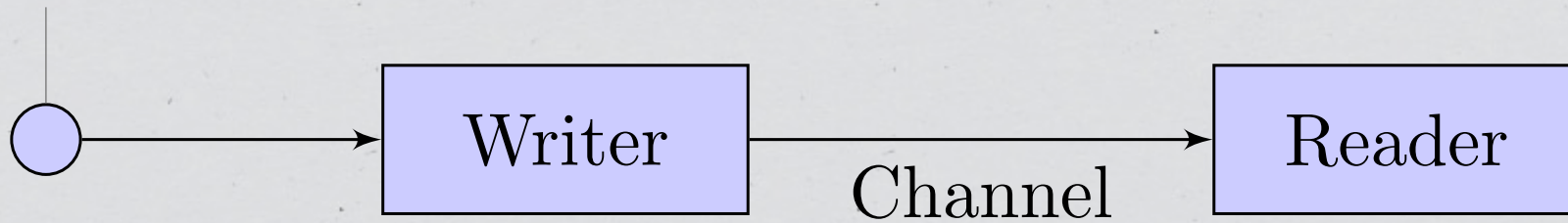
and impedes...

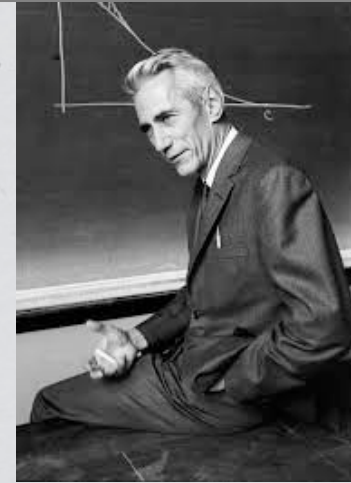
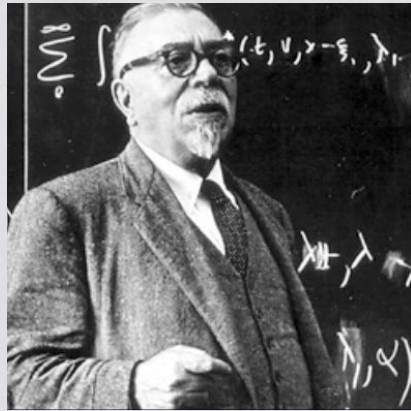
- * communicating medical information to a patient
- * publishing material for public outreach
- * presenting technical information to a multidisciplinary audience

MODELING COMMUNICATION

Communication

Phrase





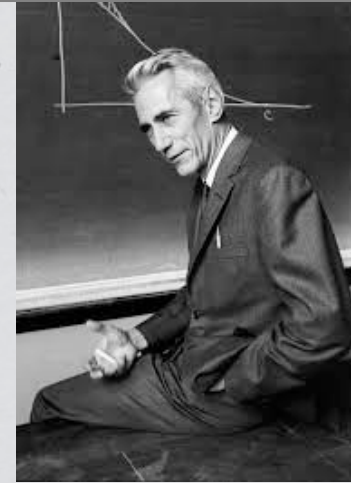
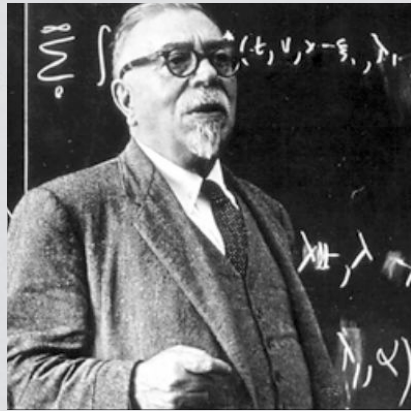
Phrase



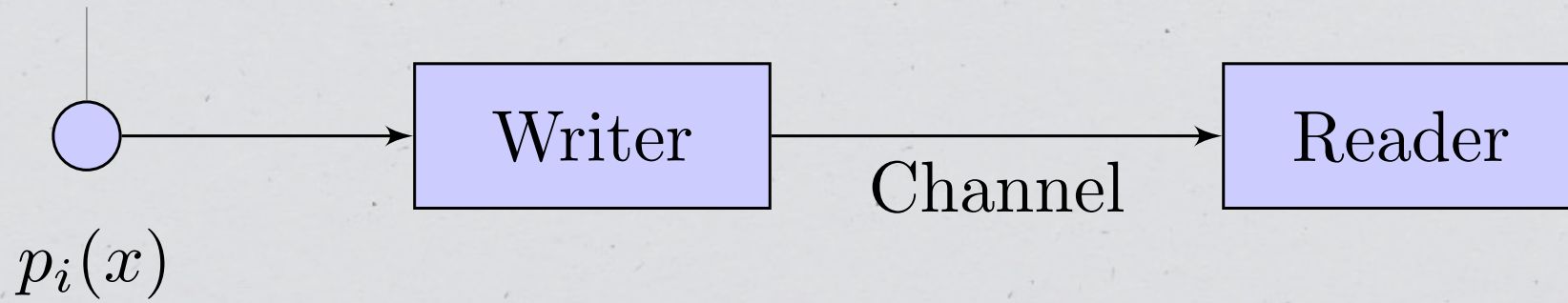
Writer

Channel

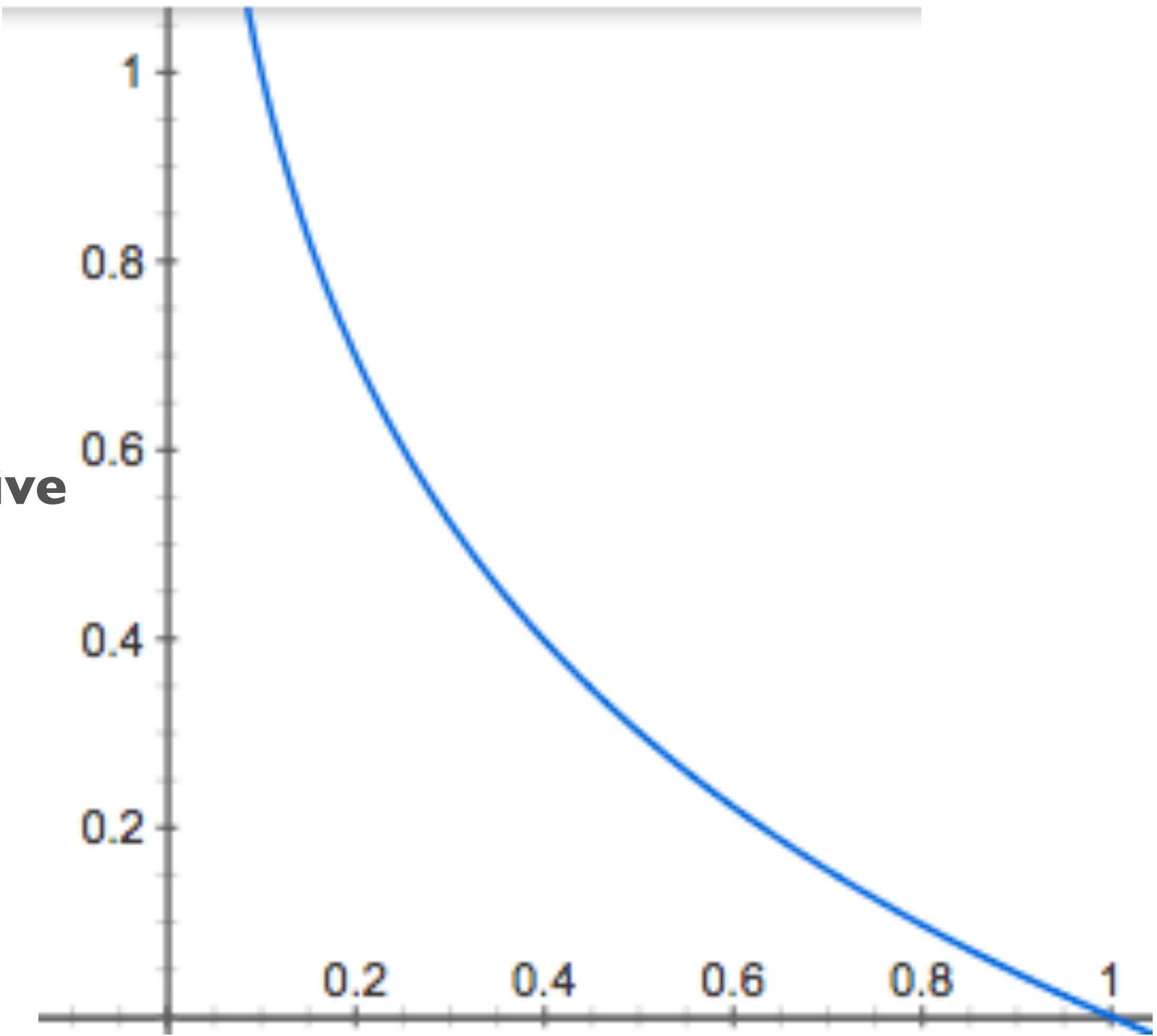
Reader



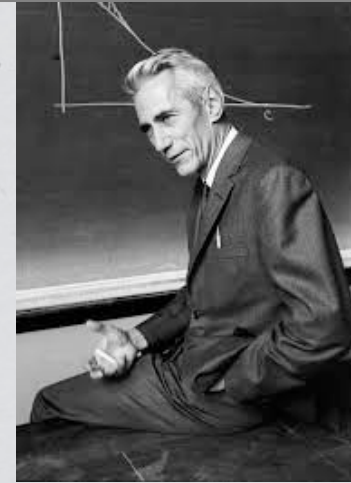
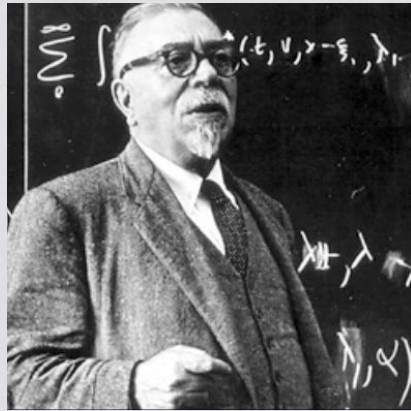
Phrase



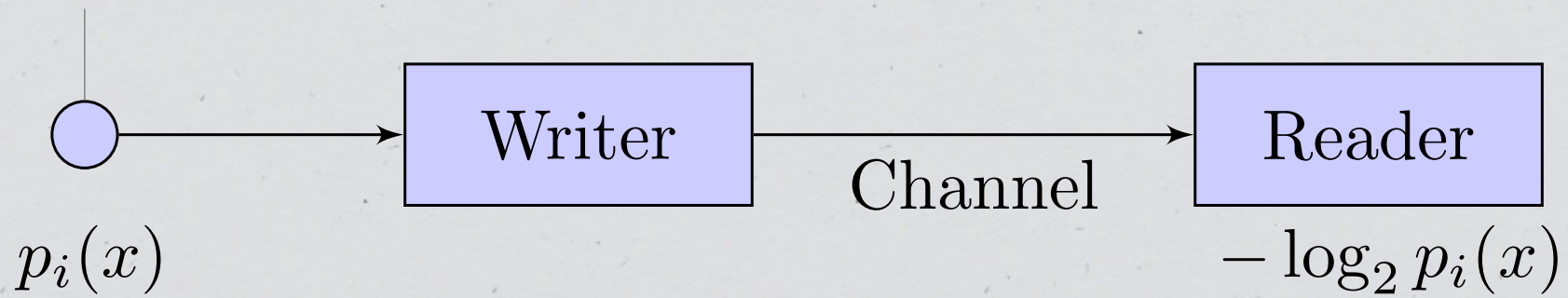
**Interpretive
Effort**

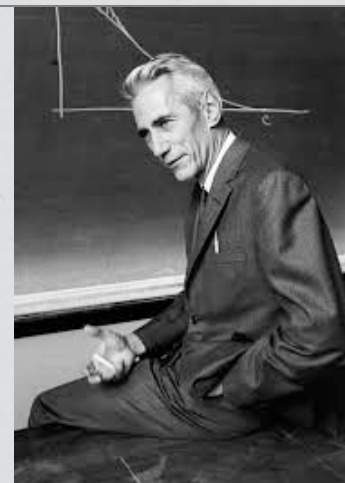
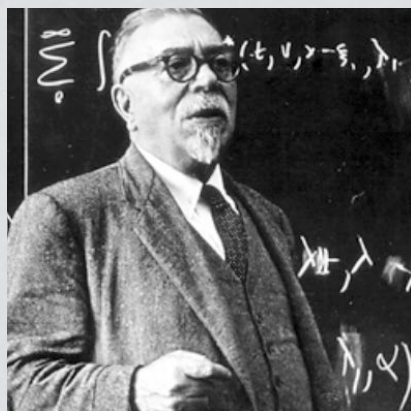


Frequency of encountering

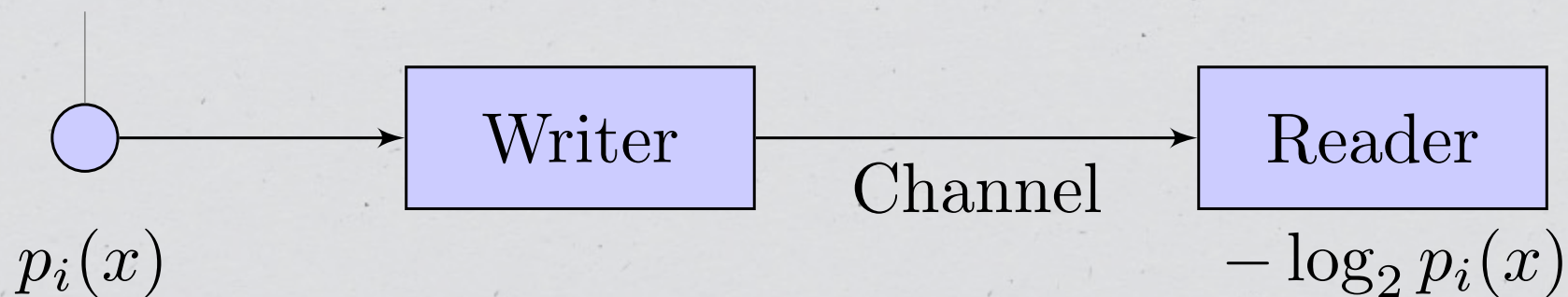


Phrase



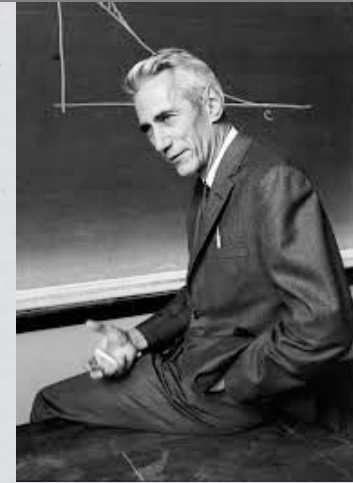
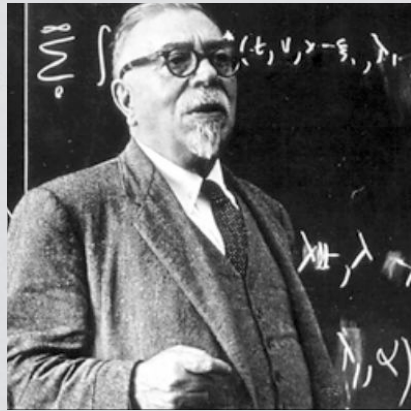


Phrase

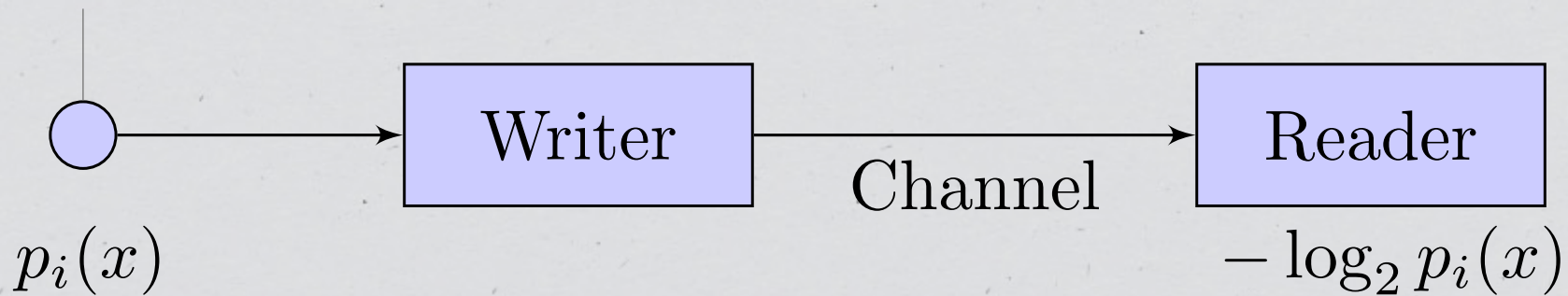


Entropy

$$H(X_i) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)$$



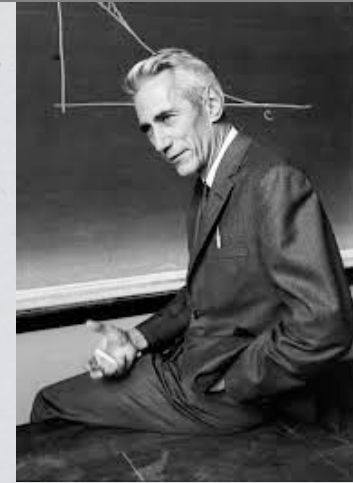
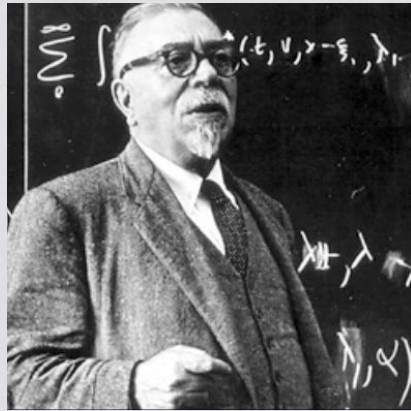
Phrase



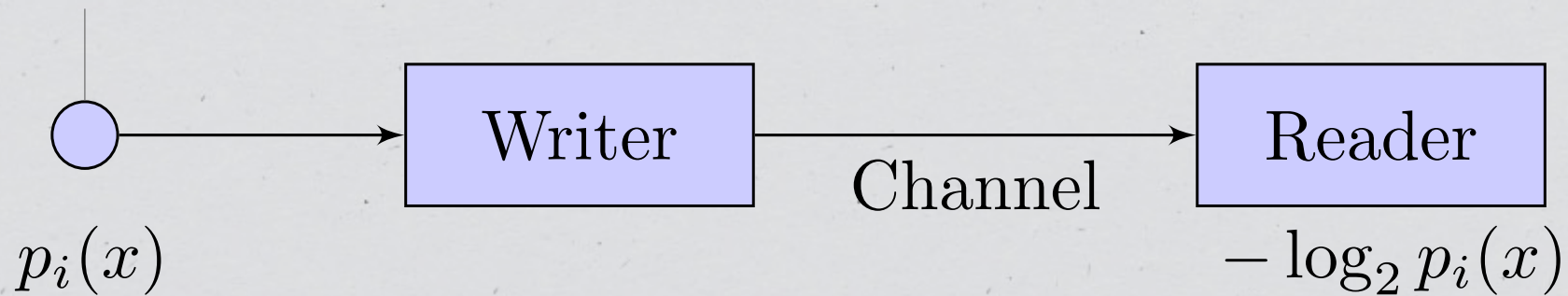
(equivalently, expected message length)

Entropy

$$H(X_i) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)$$



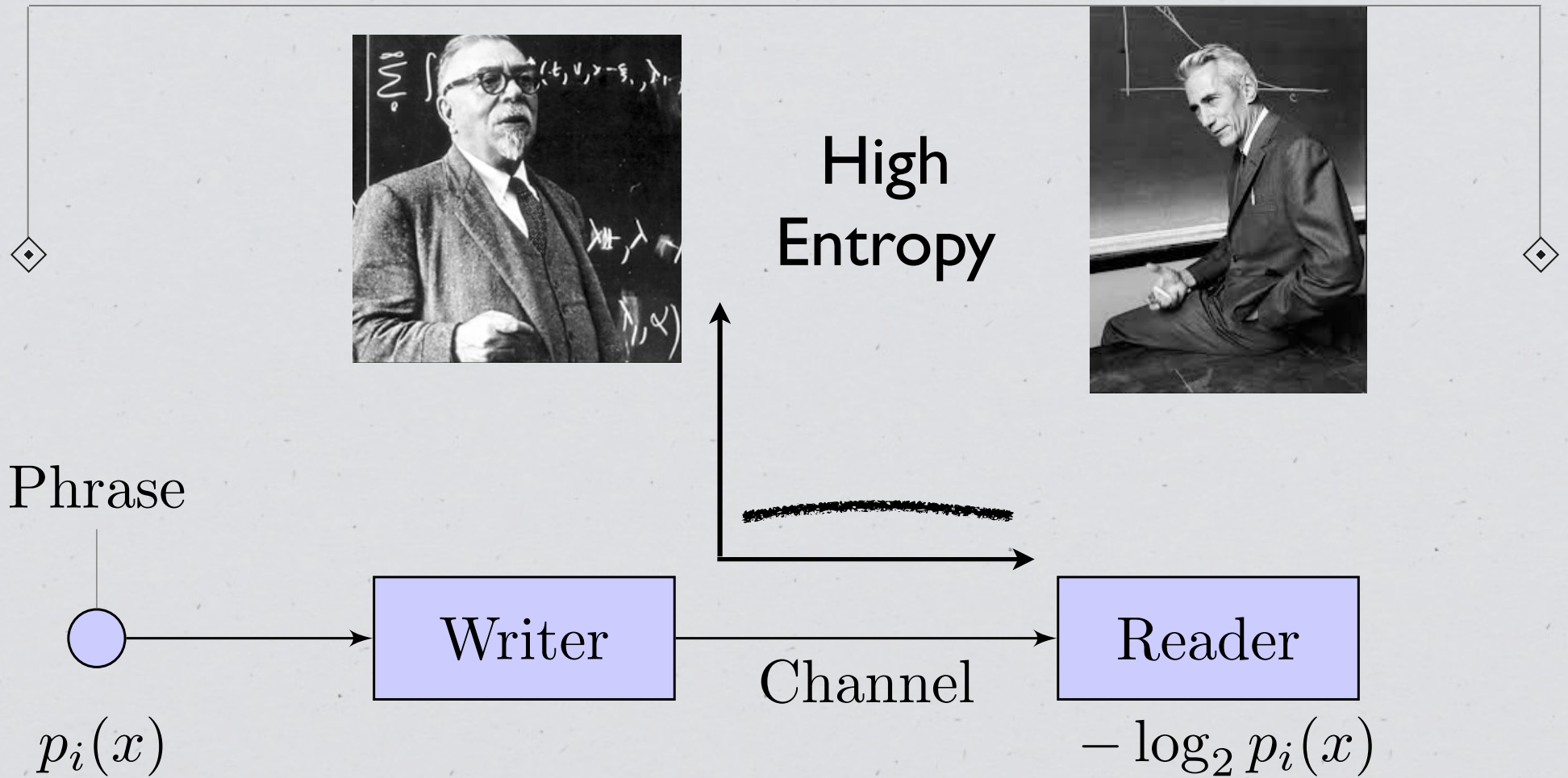
Phrase



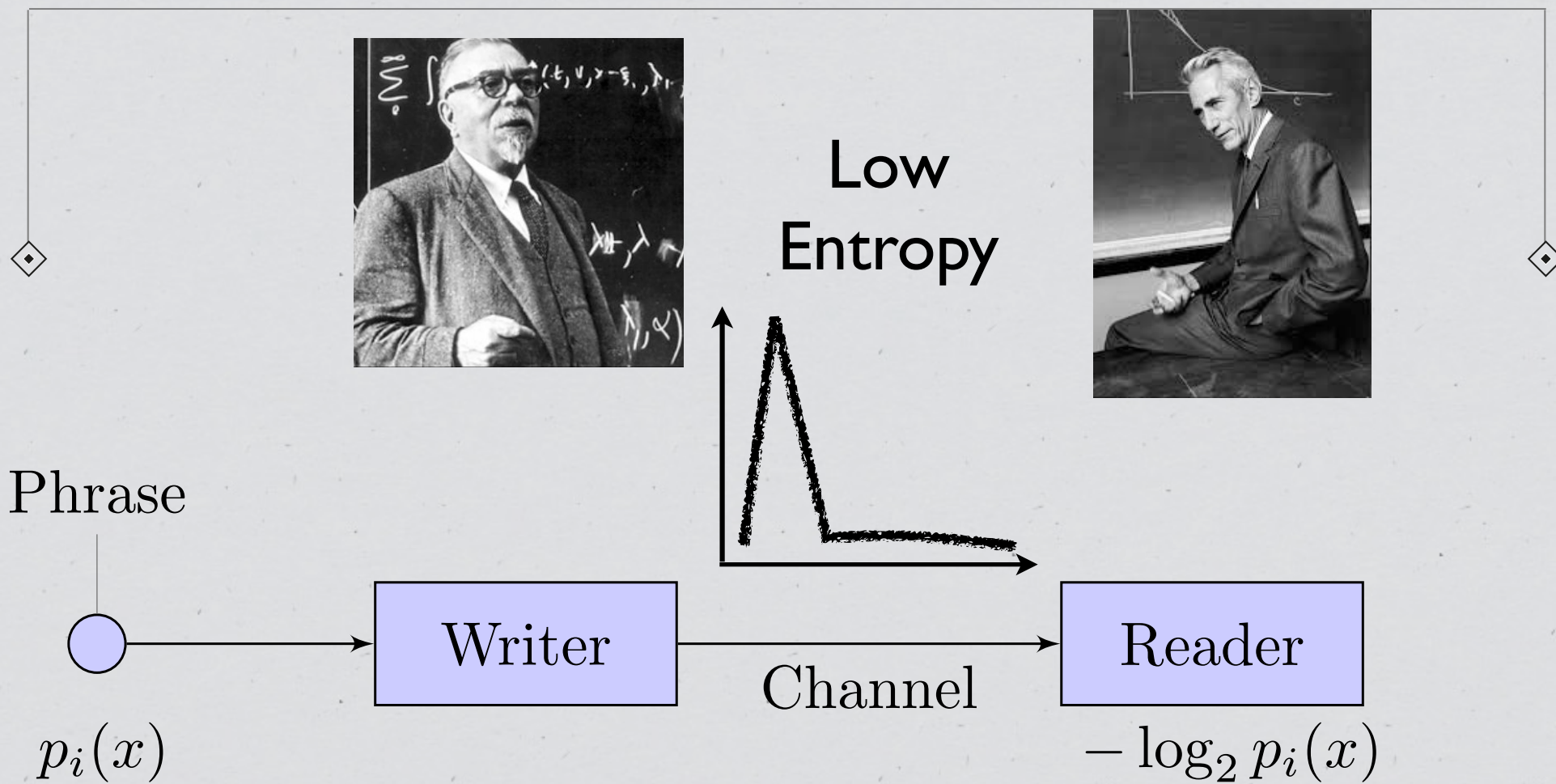
(equivalently, expected interpretive effort)

Entropy

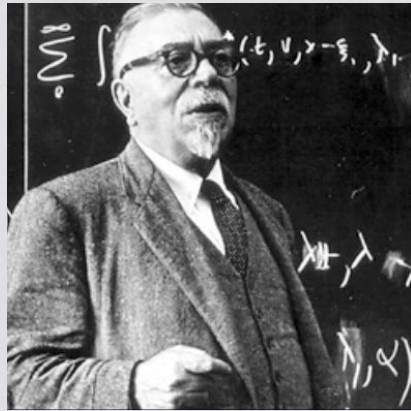
$$H(X_i) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)$$



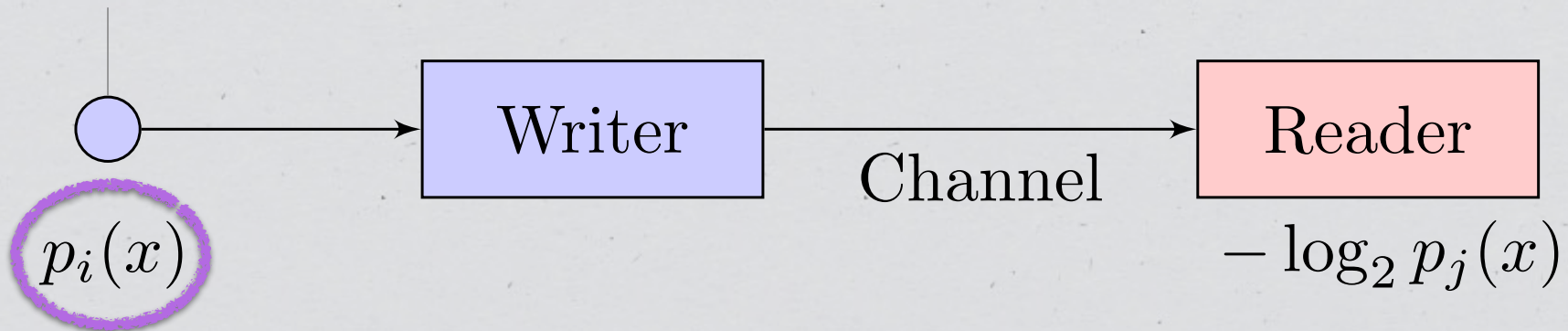
$$H(X_i) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)$$

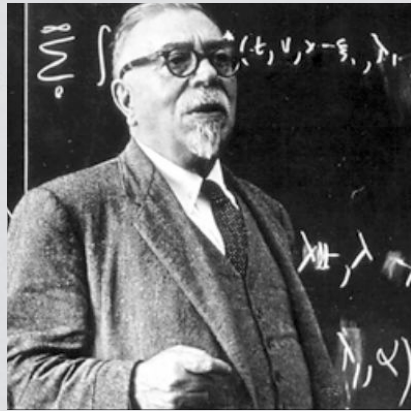


$$H(X_i) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)$$

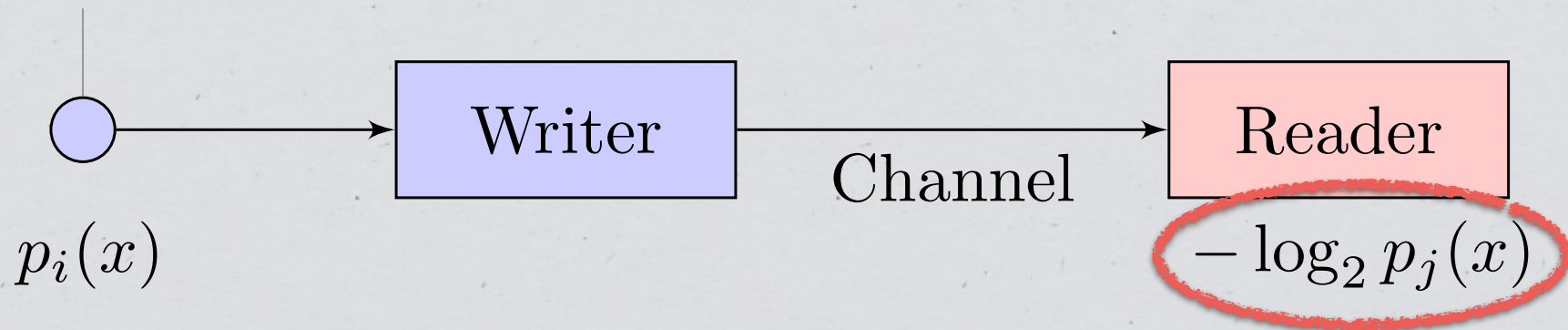


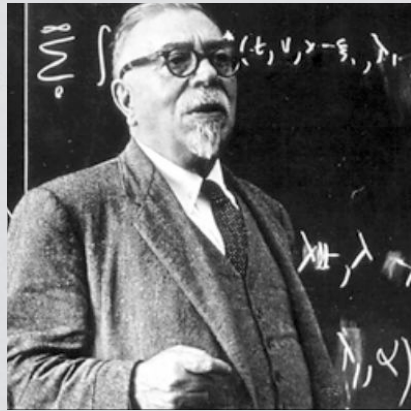
Phrase



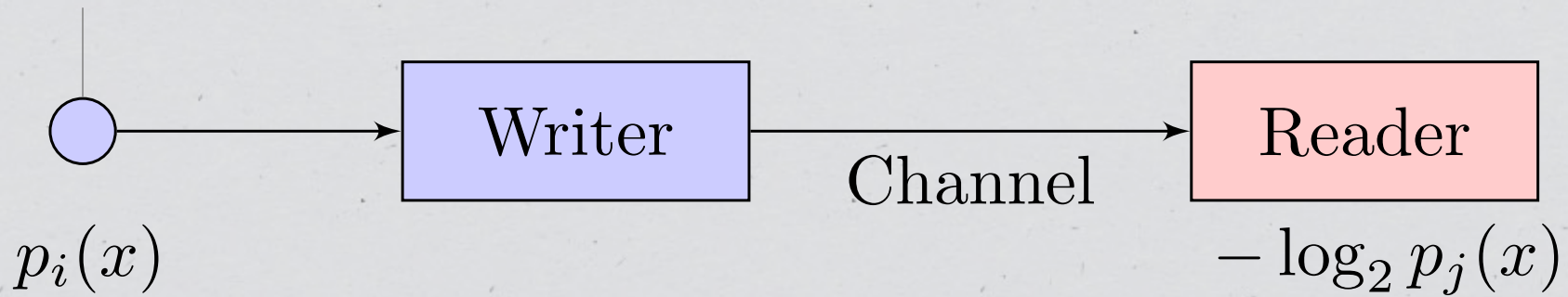


Phrase



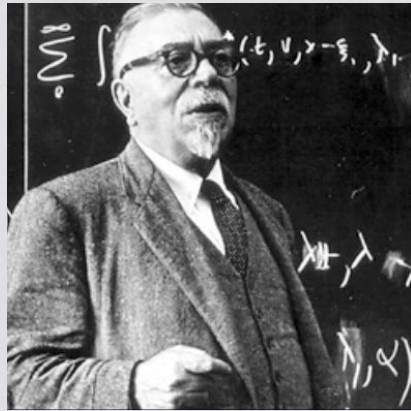


Phrase

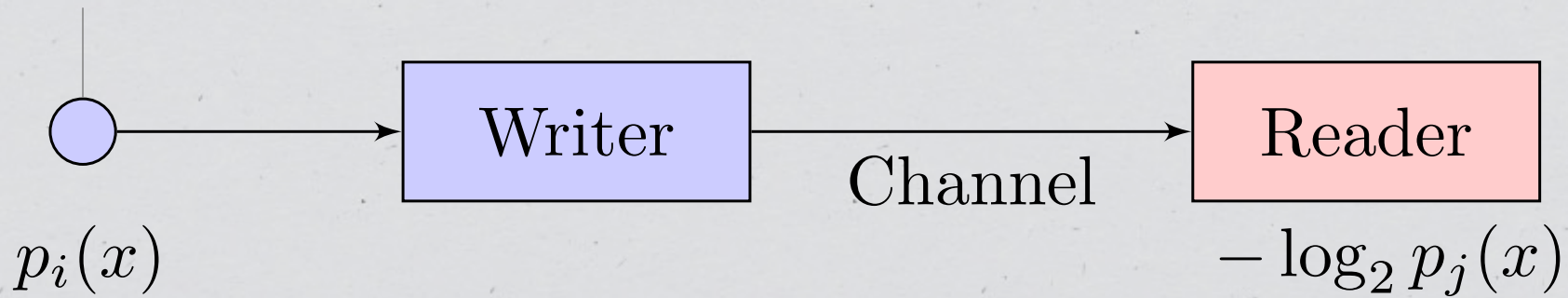


**Cross
Entropy**

$$Q(p_i || p_j) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)$$



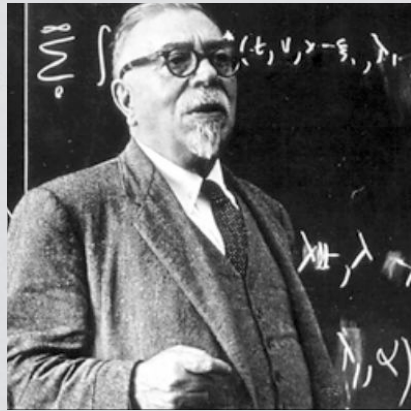
Phrase



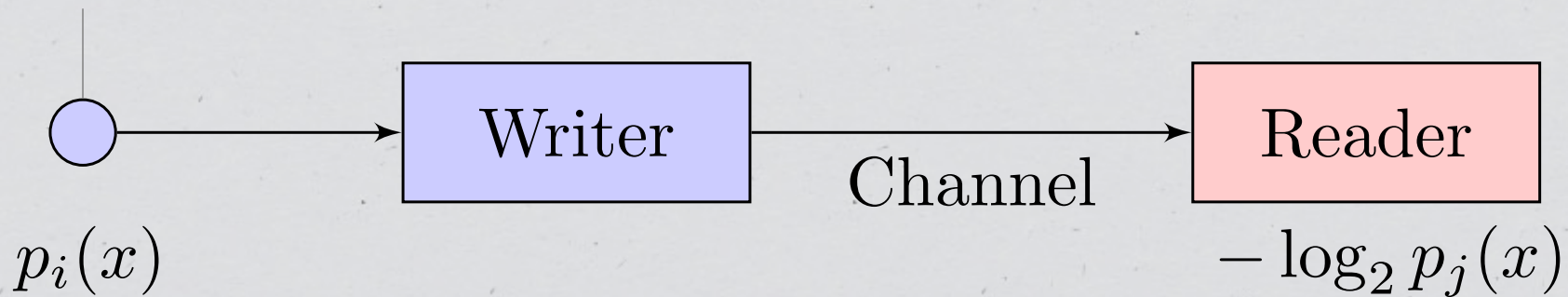
(equivalently, expected interpretive effort)

**Cross
Entropy**

$$Q(p_i || p_j) = - \sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)$$

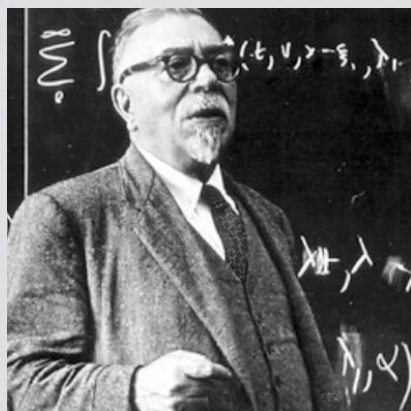


Phrase

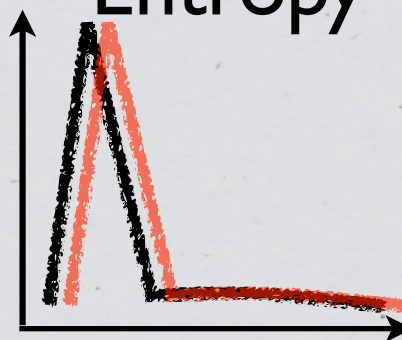


“Efficiency” of communication

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$



Low
Cross
Entropy



Phrase



Writer

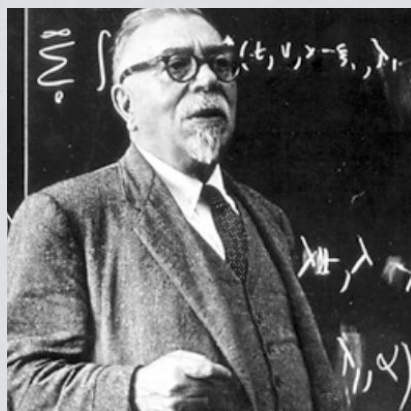
Channel

Reader

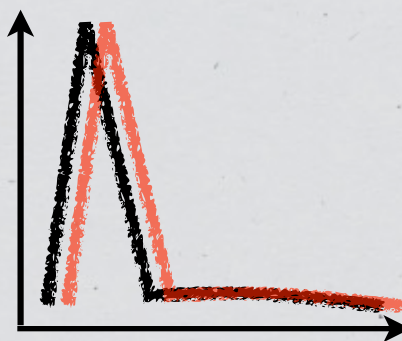
$p_i(x)$

$-\log_2 p_j(x)$

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$



Efficient



Phrase



Writer

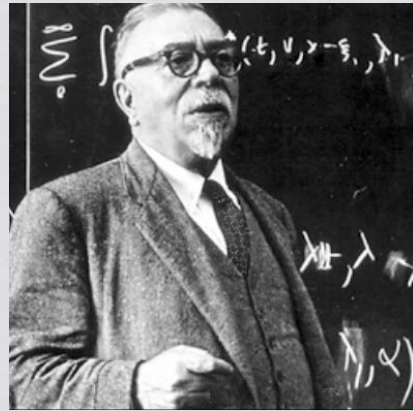
Channel

Reader

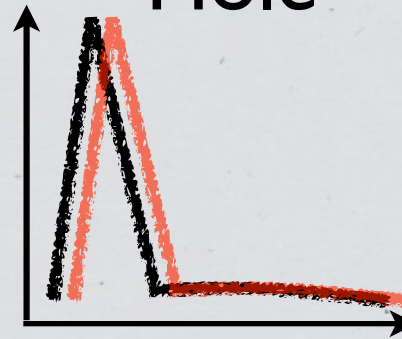
$p_i(x)$

$-\log_2 p_j(x)$

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$



Small
Cultural
Hole



Phrase



Writer

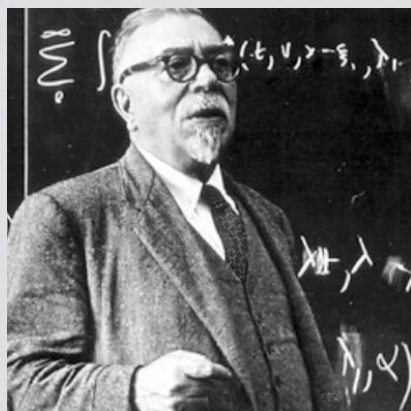
Channel

Reader

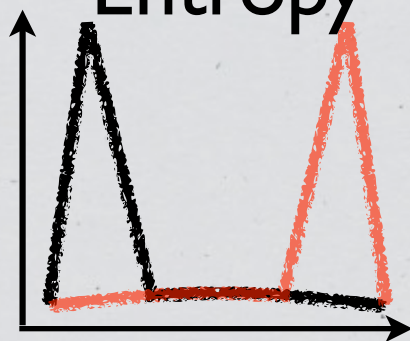
$p_i(x)$

$-\log_2 p_j(x)$

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$



High
Cross
Entropy



Phrase



$p_i(x)$

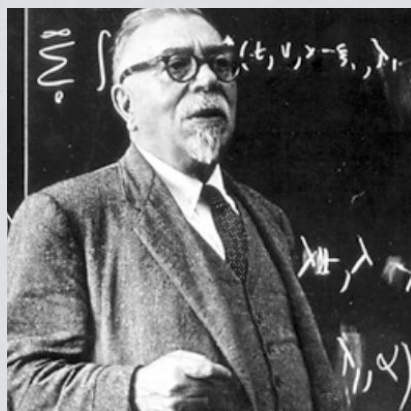
Writer

Channel

Reader

$-\log_2 p_j(x)$

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$



Inefficient



Phrase



$p_i(x)$

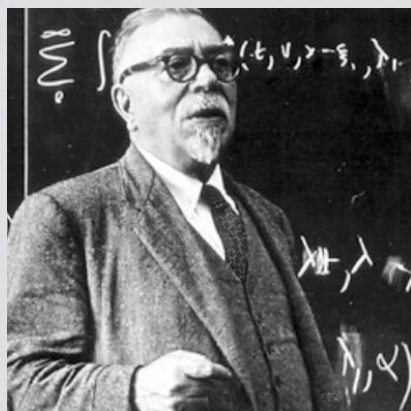
Writer

Channel

Reader

$-\log_2 p_j(x)$

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$



Large
Cultural
Hole



Phrase



Writer

Channel

Reader

$p_i(x)$

$-\log_2 p_j(x)$

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$

“Cultural Hole”

Relative Efficiency

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$

Cultural Hole

$$C_{ij} = 1 - E_{ij}$$

Average
Cultural Hole

$$C_i = \sum_j C_{ij} / N$$

It's practical!

Possible Bubbles of Spacetime Curvature in the South Pacific

Benjamin K. Tippett*

*Department of Mathematics and Statistics
University of New Brunswick
Fredericton, NB, E3B 5A3
Canada*

In 1928, the late Francis Wayland Thurston published a scandalous manuscript in purport of warning the world of a global conspiracy of occultists. Among the documents he gathered to support his thesis was the personal account of a sailor by the name of Gustaf Johansen, describing an encounter with an extraordinary island. Johansen's descriptions of his adventures upon the island are fantastic, and are often considered the most enigmatic (and therefore the highlight) of Thurston's collection of documents.

We contend that all of the credible phenomena which Johansen described may be explained as being the observable consequences of a localized bubble of spacetime curvature. Many of his most incomprehensible statements (involving the geometry of the architecture, and variability of the location of the horizon) can therefore be said to have a unified underlying cause.

We propose a simplified example of such a geometry, and show using numerical computation that Johansen's descriptions were, for the most part, not simply the ravings of a lunatic. Rather, they are the nontechnical observations of an intelligent man who did not understand how to describe what he was seeing. Conversely, it seems to us improbable that Johansen should have unwittingly given such a precise description of the consequences of spacetime curvature, if the details of this story were merely the dregs of some half remembered fever dream.

We calculate the type of matter which would be required to generate such exotic spacetime curvature. Unfortunately, we determine that the required matter is quite unphysical, and possess a nature which is entirely alien to all of the experiences of human science. Indeed, any civilization with mastery over such matter would be able to construct warp drives, cloaking devices, and other exotic geometries required to conveniently travel through the cosmos.

STRUCTURE

Using citations



CULTURE

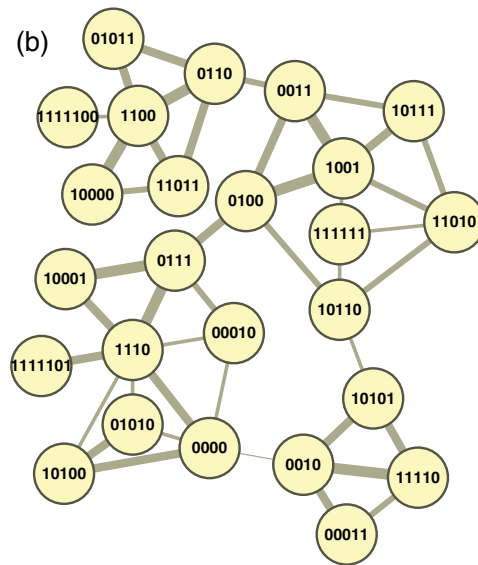
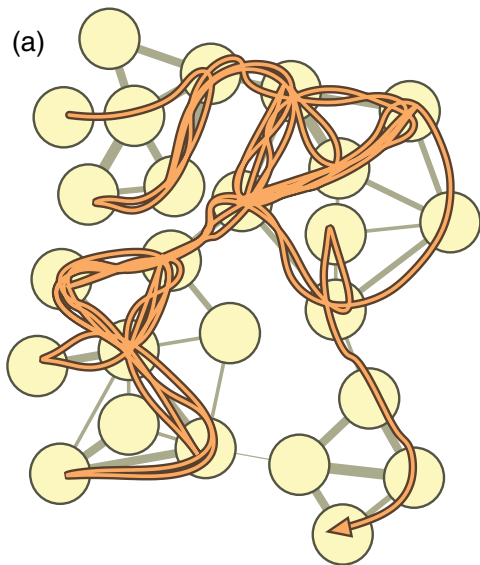
Using text



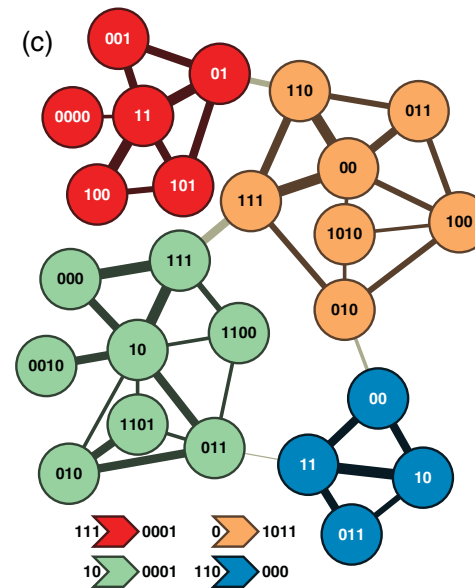
Data

- * 1.5 million interconnected papers
- * 1990-2010
- * Select 60 largest fields (1000+ papers)
- * Determine phrase (=trigram) distribution from sample of 500 papers

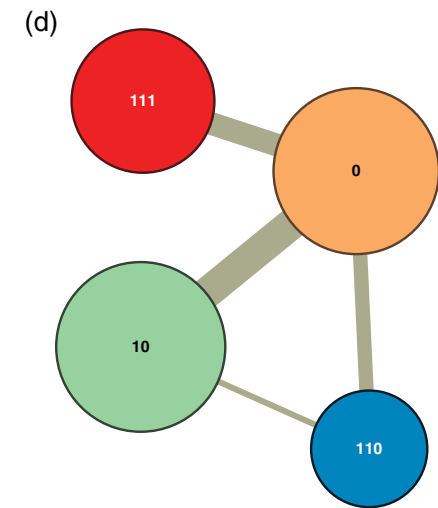




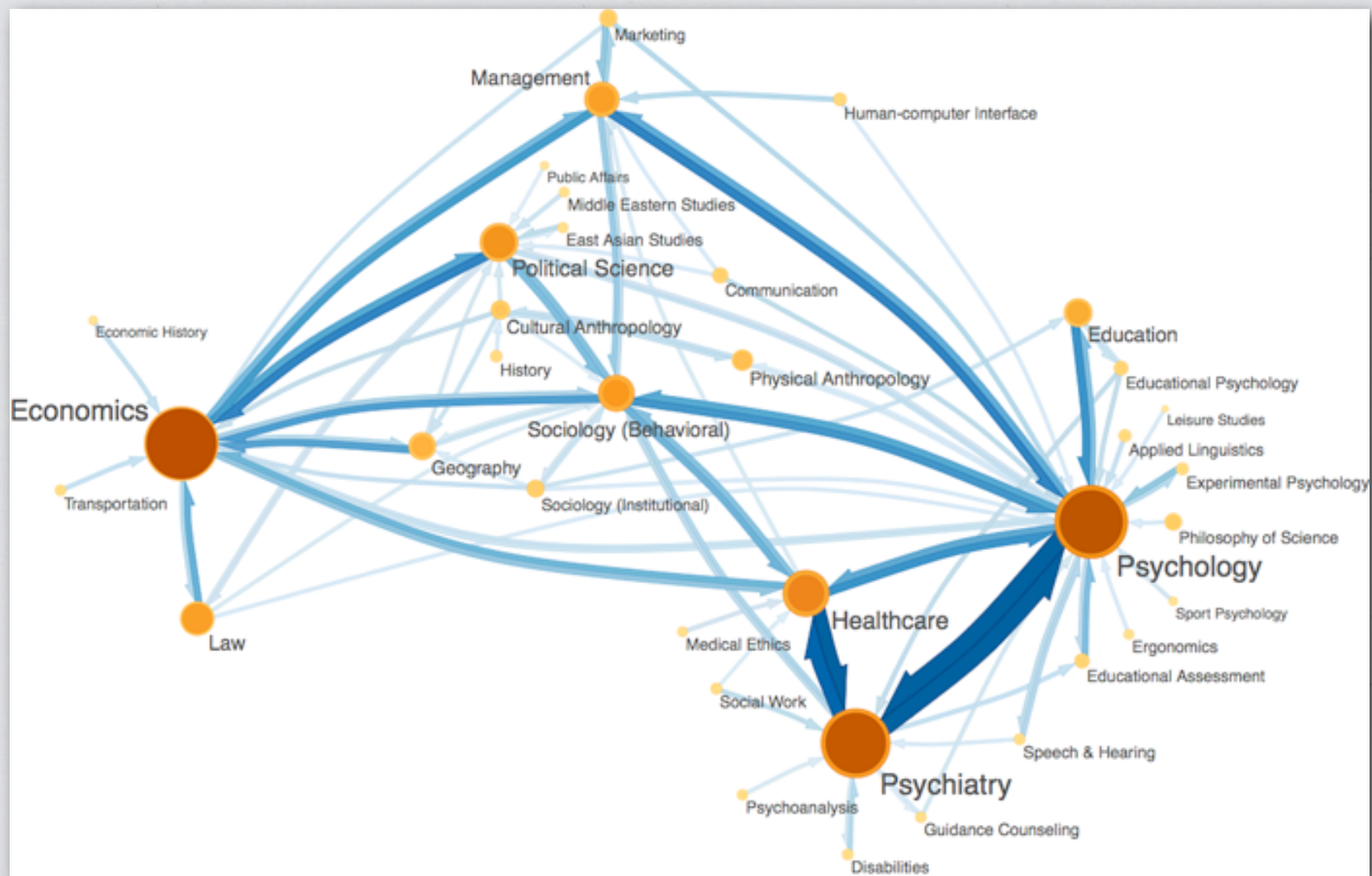
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 1110 10001 0111 0100 10110 11010 10111 1001 0100 1001 10111
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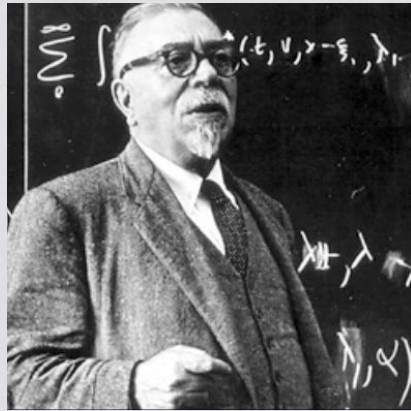


111 0000 11 01 101 100 101 01 0001 0 110 011 00 110 00 111
 1011 10 111 000 10 111 000 111 10 011 10 000 111 10 111 10
 0010 10 011 010 011 10 000 111 0001 0 111 010 100 011 00 111
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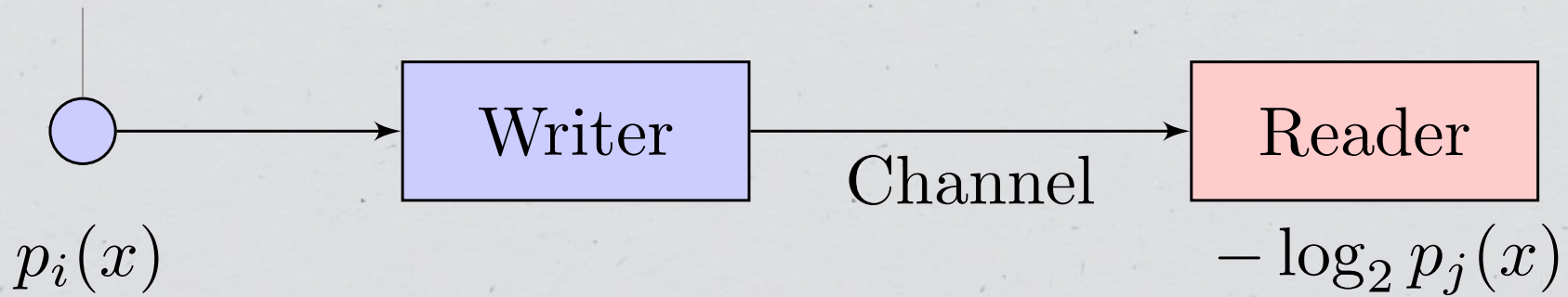


111 0000 11 01 101 100 101 01 0001 0 110 011 00 110 00 111
 1011 10 111 000 10 111 000 111 10 011 10 000 111 10 111 10
 0010 10 011 010 011 10 000 111 0001 0 111 010 100 011 00 111
 00 011 00 111 00 111 110 111 110 1011 111 01 101 01 0001 0 110
 111 00 011 110 111 1011 10 111 000 10 000 111 0001 0 111 010
 1010 010 1011 110 00 10 011





Phrase



$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$

“Cultural Hole”

Relative Efficiency

$$E_{ij} = \frac{H(X_i)}{Q(p_i||p_j)} = \frac{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_i(x)}{-\sum_{x \in \mathcal{X}} p_i(x) \log_2 p_j(x)}$$

Cultural Hole

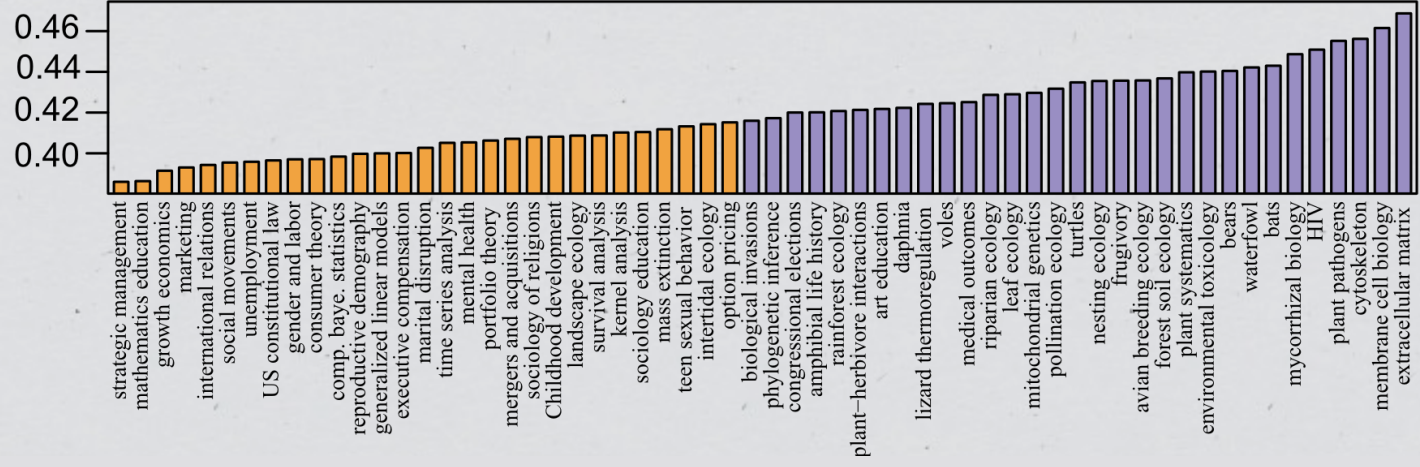
$$C_{ij} = 1 - E_{ij}$$

Average Cultural Hole

$$C_i = \sum_j C_{ij} / N$$

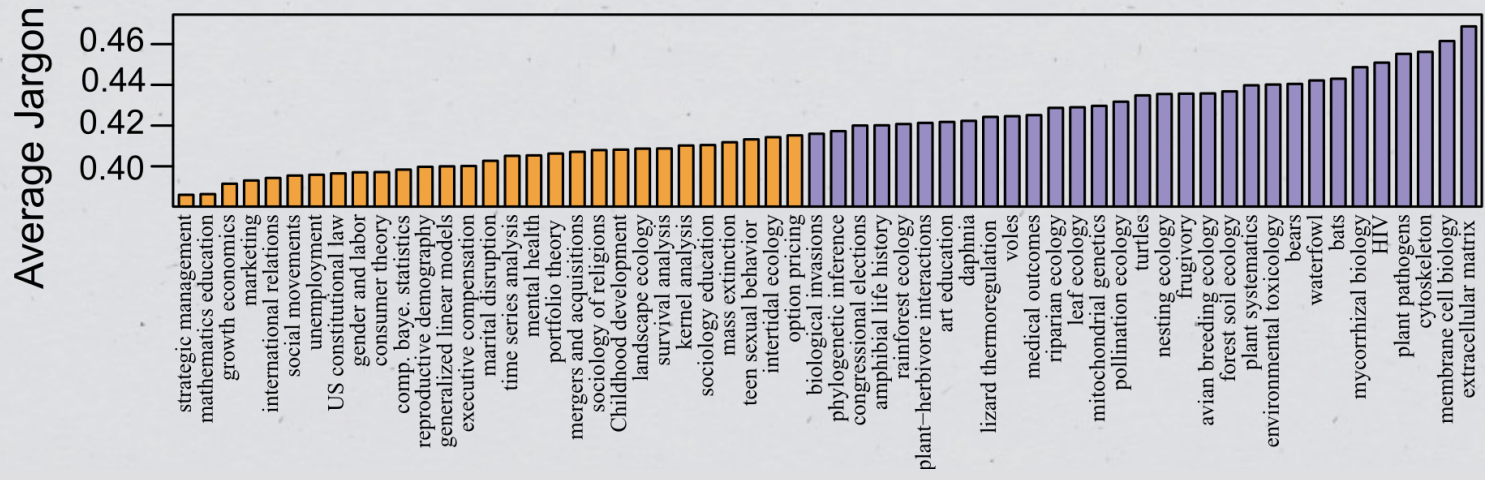
A

Average Jargon

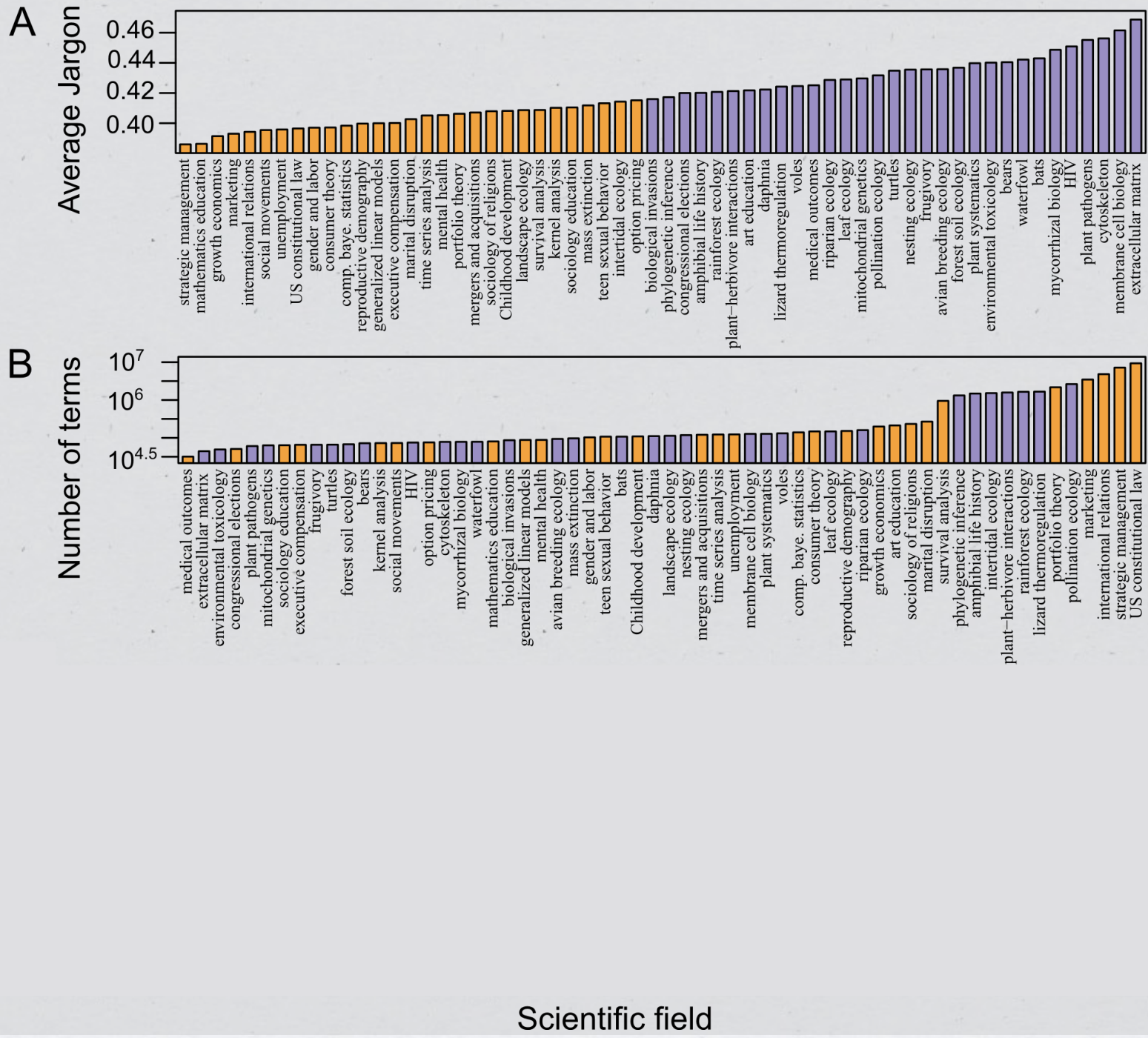


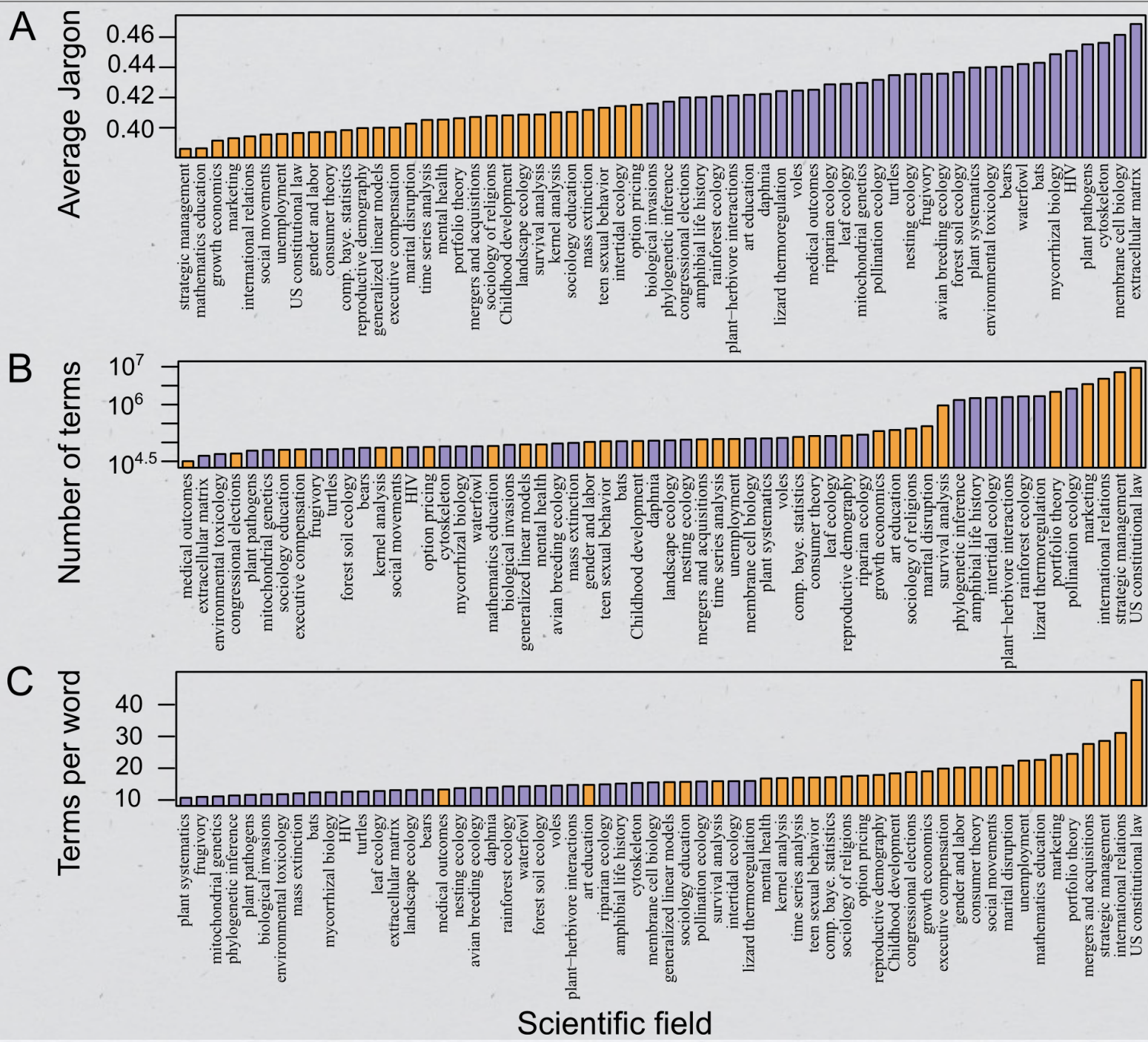
Scientific field

A



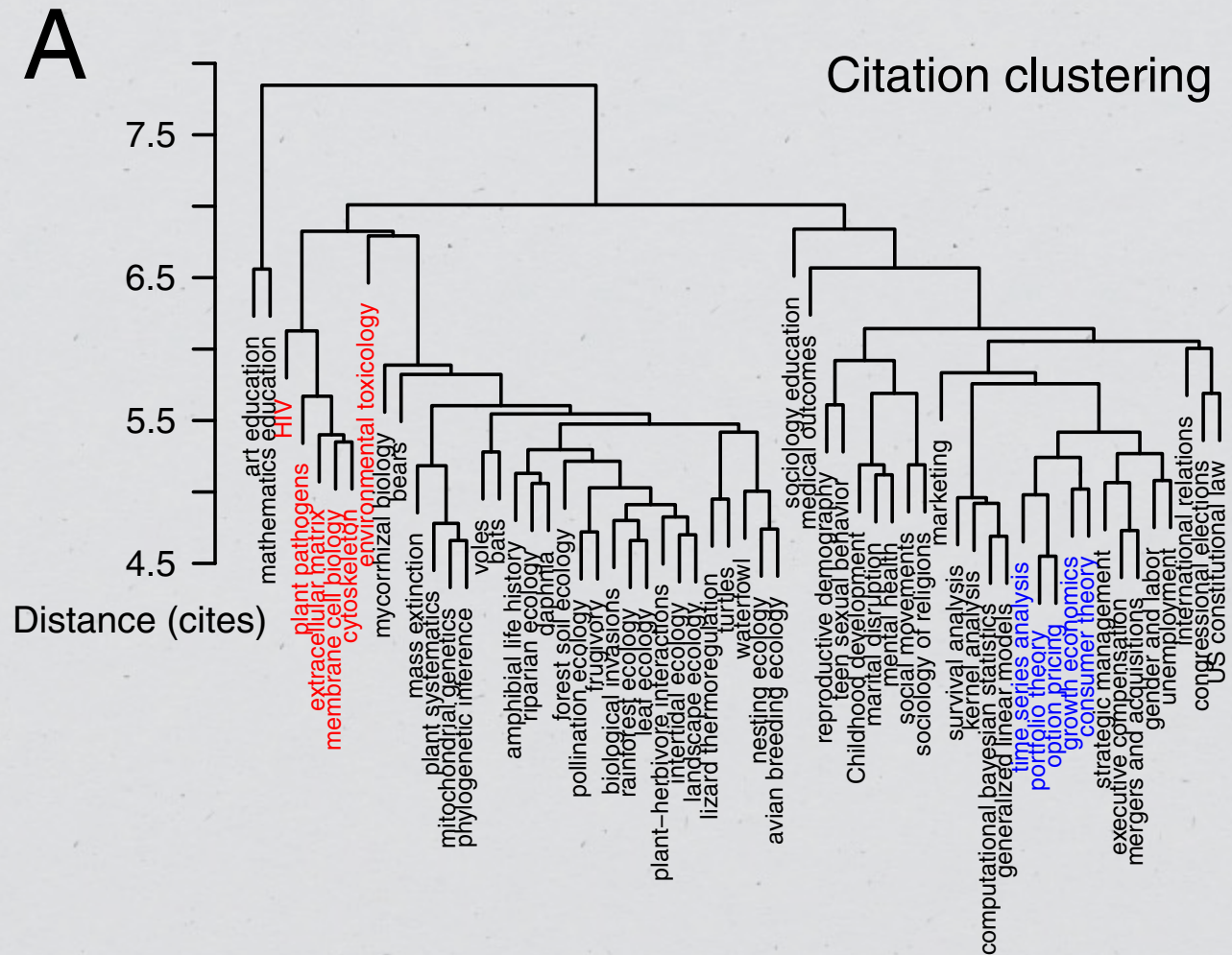
$$C_{ij} < C_{ji}$$





UPGMA:

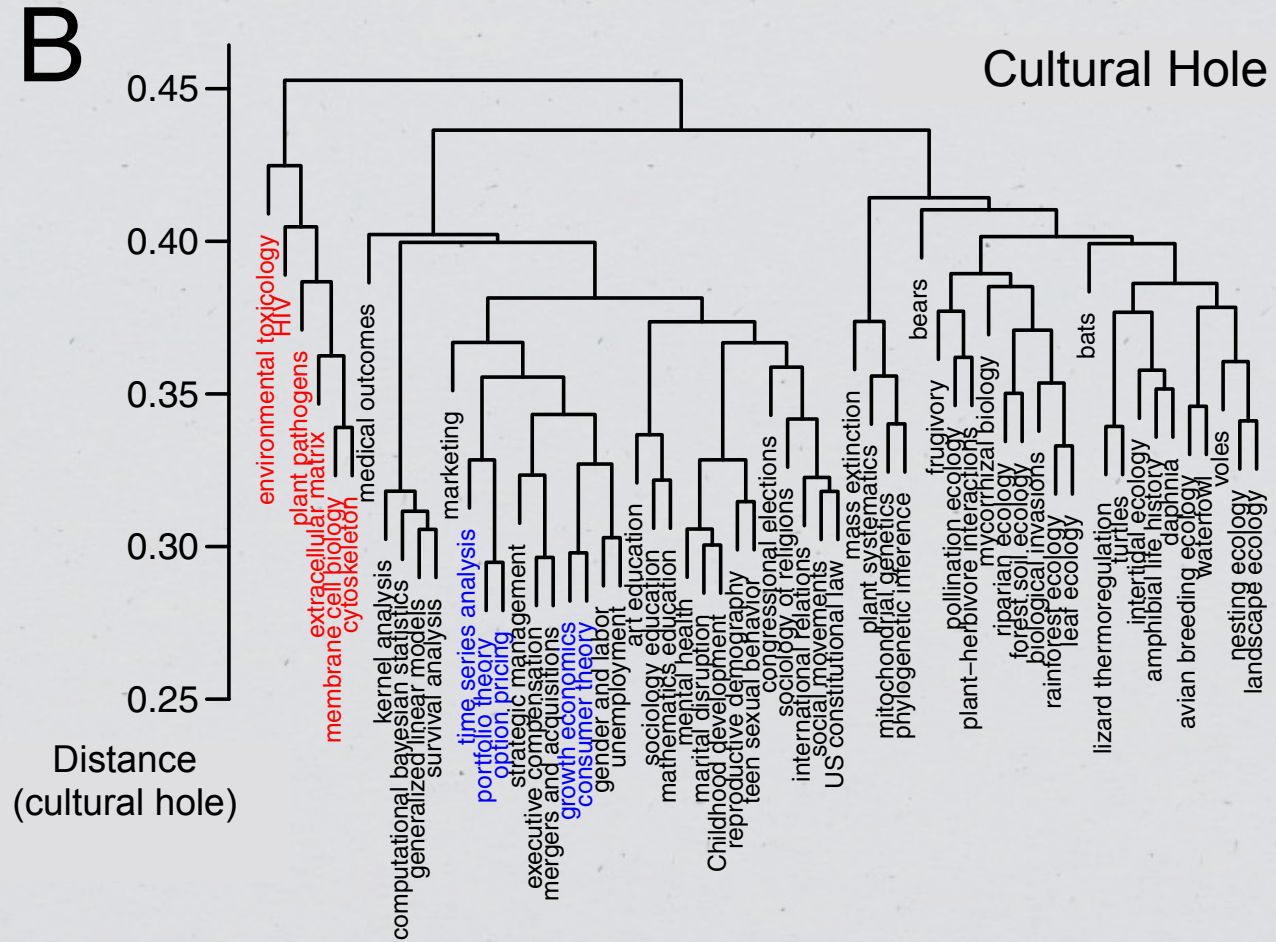
$$\frac{1}{|\mathcal{A}| \cdot |\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{A}} \sum_{y \in \mathcal{B}} d(x, y)$$



UPGMA = Unweighted Pair Group Method with Arithmetic Mean

UPGMA:

$$\frac{1}{|\mathcal{A}| \cdot |\mathcal{B}|} \sum_{x \in \mathcal{A}} \sum_{y \in \mathcal{B}} d(x, y)$$



UPGMA = Unweighted Pair Group Method with Arithmetic Mean

COMBINING STRUCTURE & CULTURE

$$D(i, j) = \langle d_{ij} \rangle$$

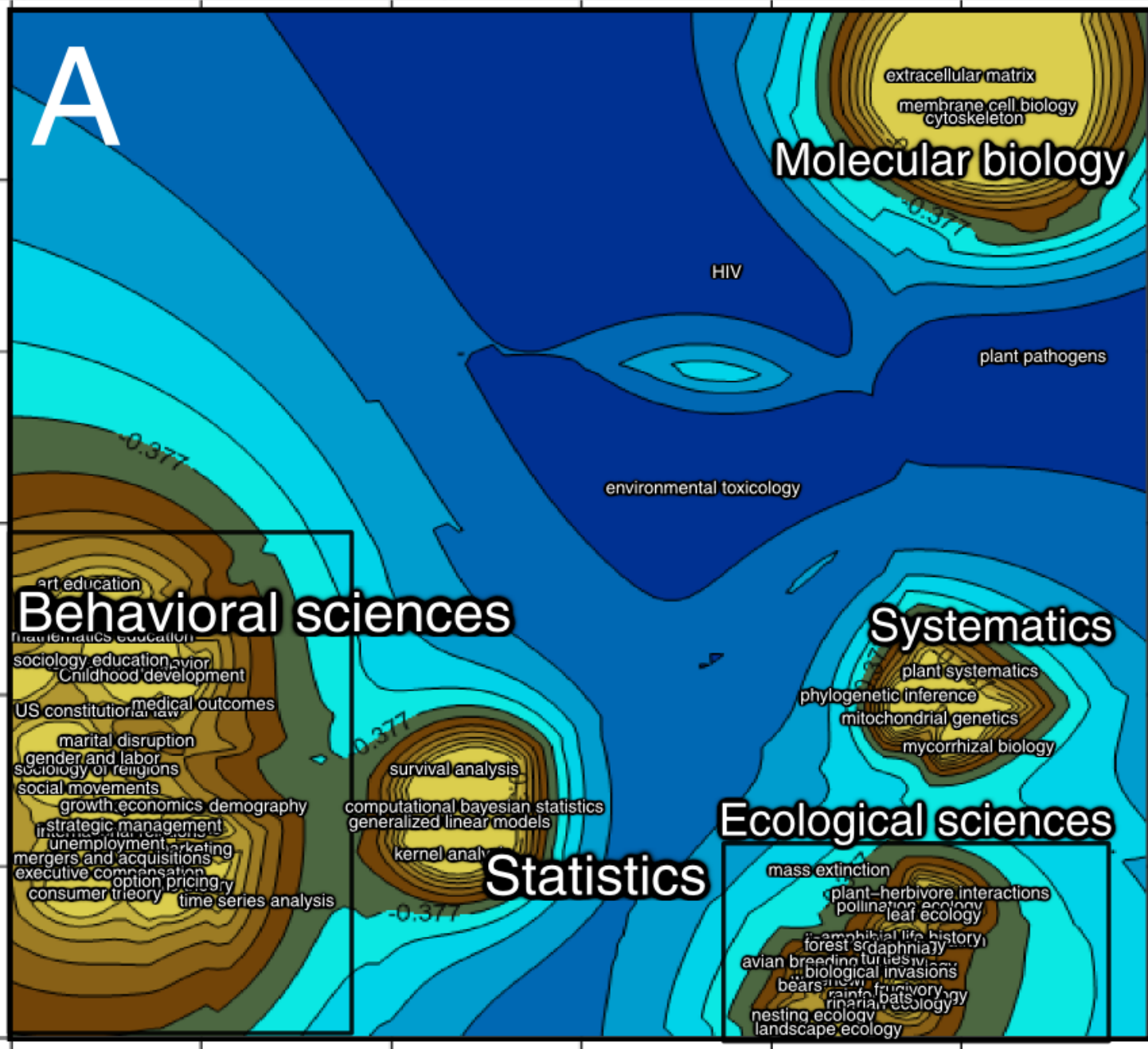
(structural distance: measured using citation paths)

COMBINING STRUCTURE & CULTURE

$$w_{P_{xy}}^i = (\sqrt{(x - F_x^i)^2 + (y - F_y^i)^2})^{-\alpha}$$

$$P_{xy} = \sum_{i \neq \max(\overrightarrow{w_{P_{xy}}})} \sum_{j \neq \max(\overrightarrow{w_{P_{xy}}}), j \neq i} w_{P_{xy}}^i w_{P_{xy}}^j \tilde{J}_{ij}.$$

A

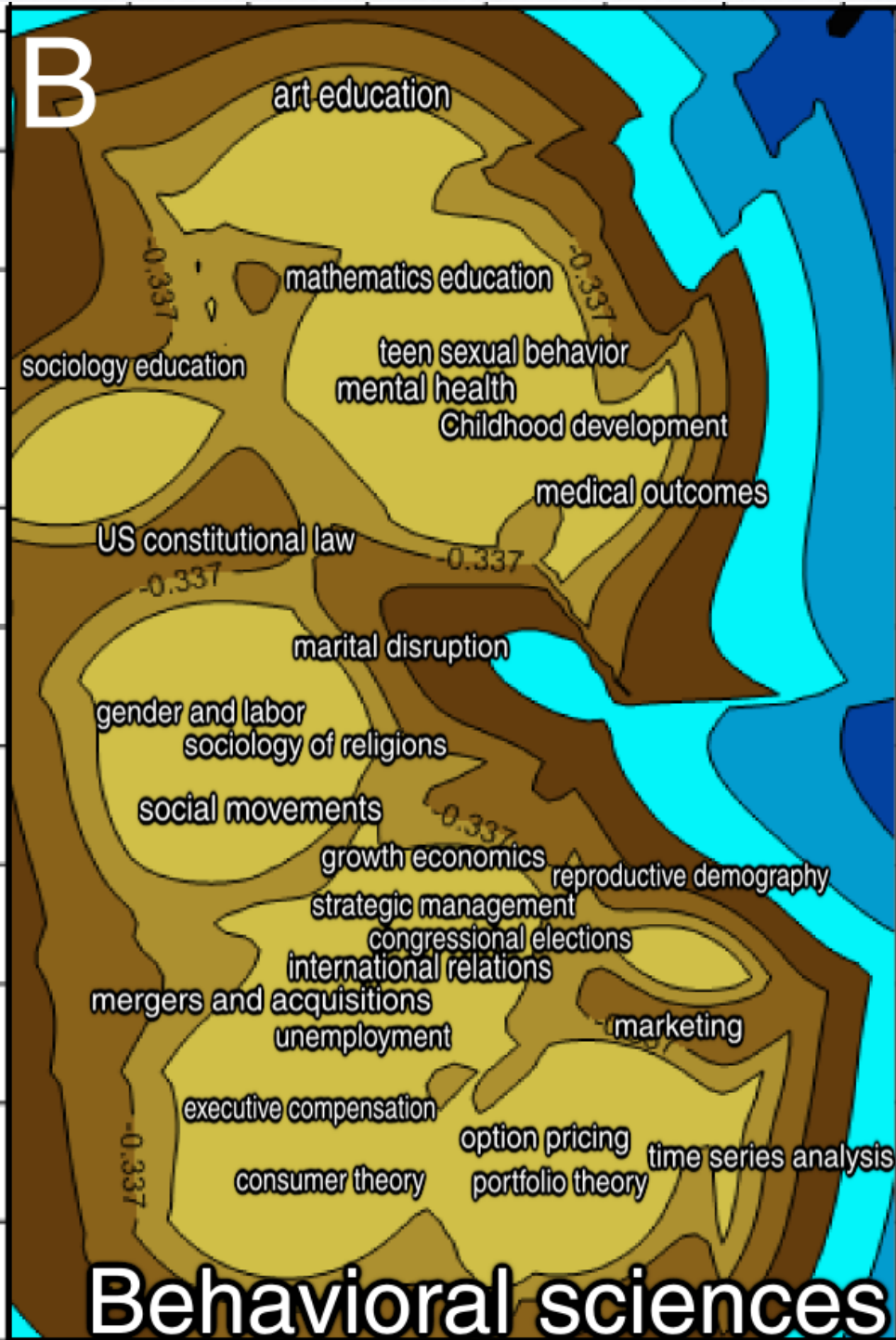


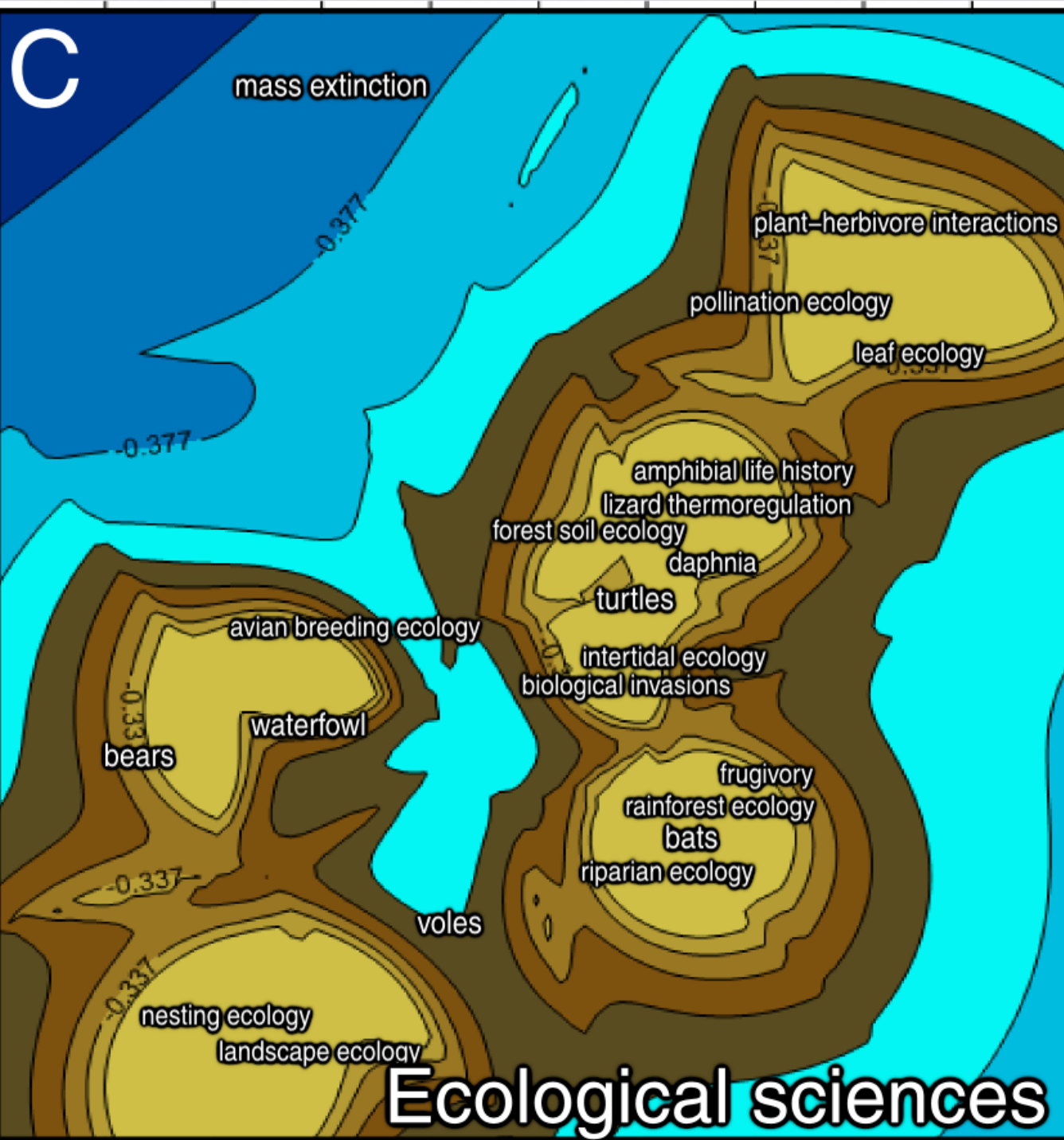
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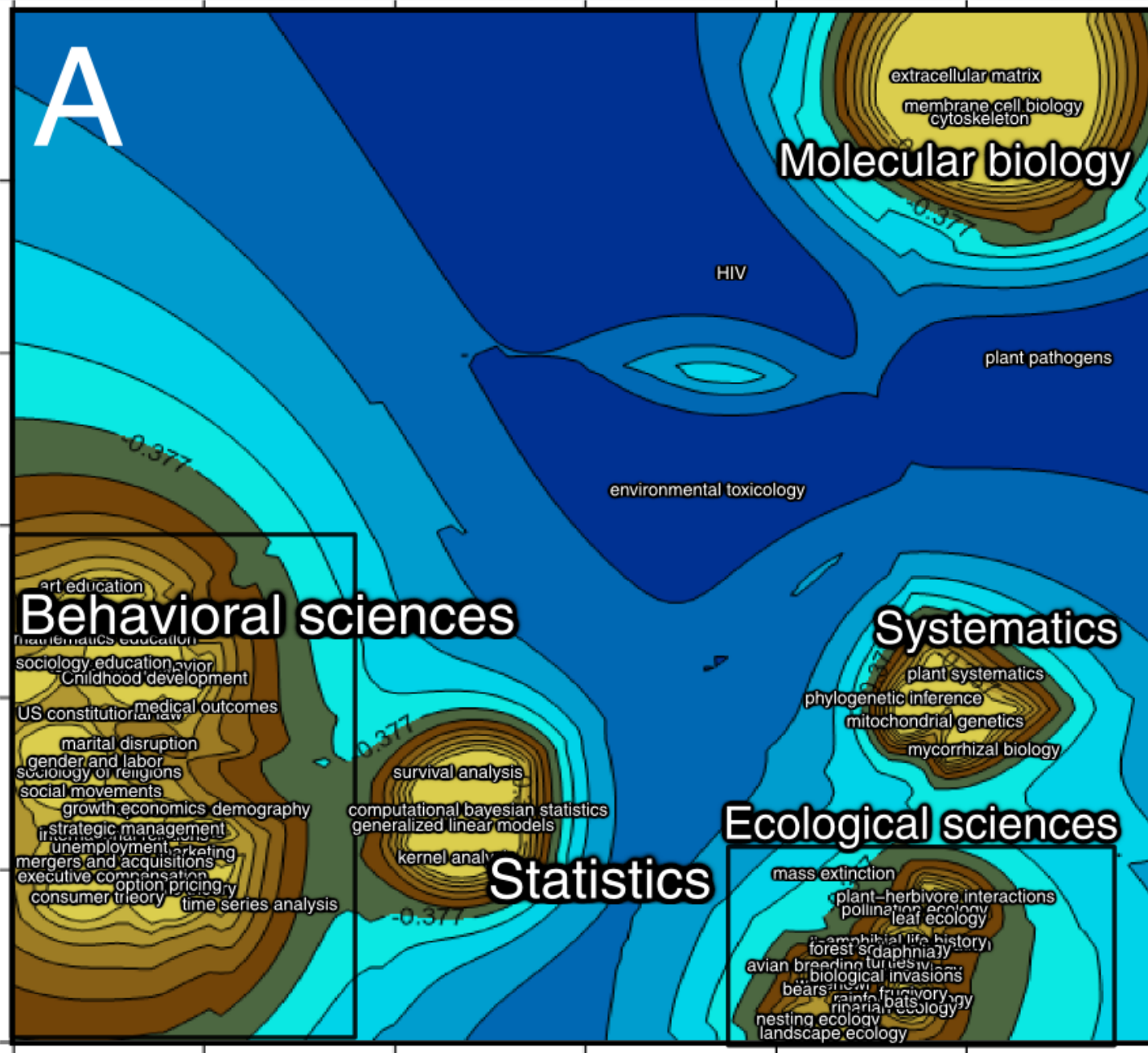


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B





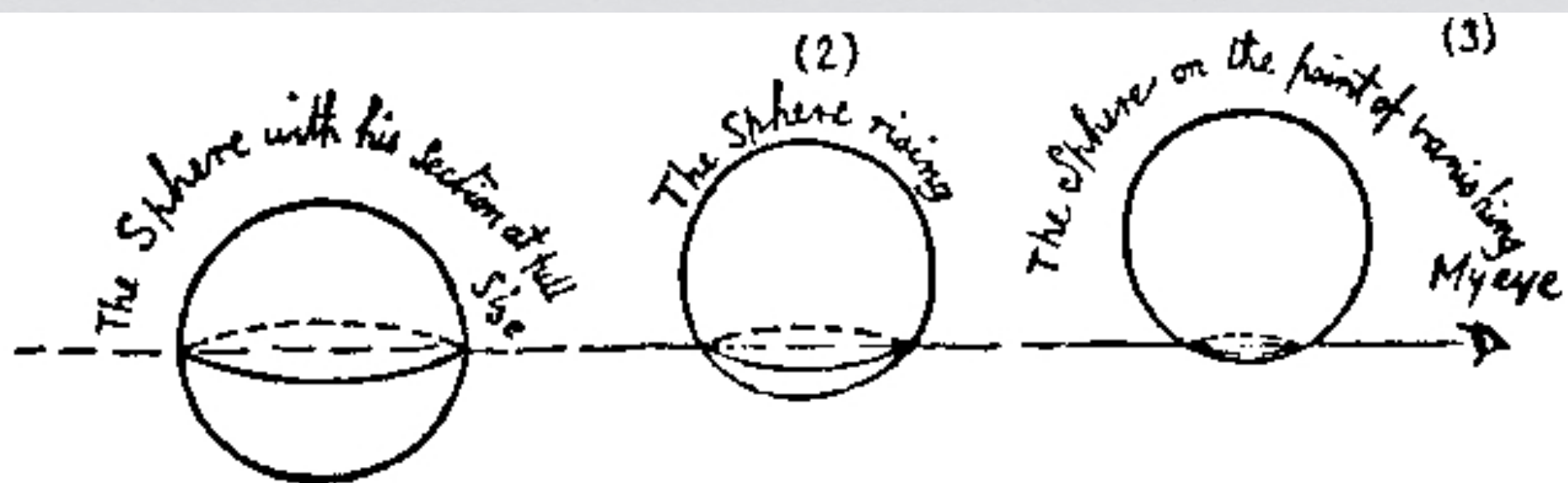


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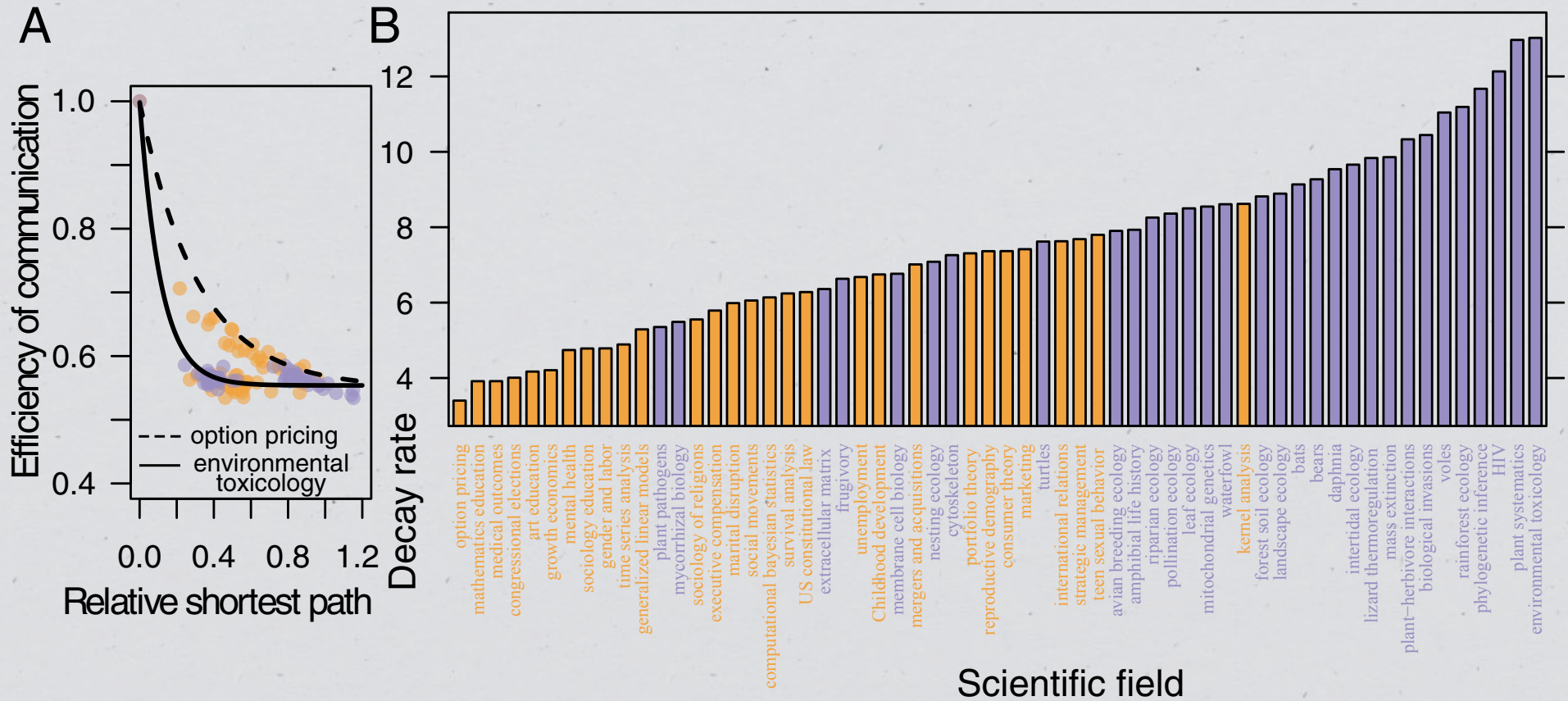


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A CONCERN: ARTIFACTUAL?

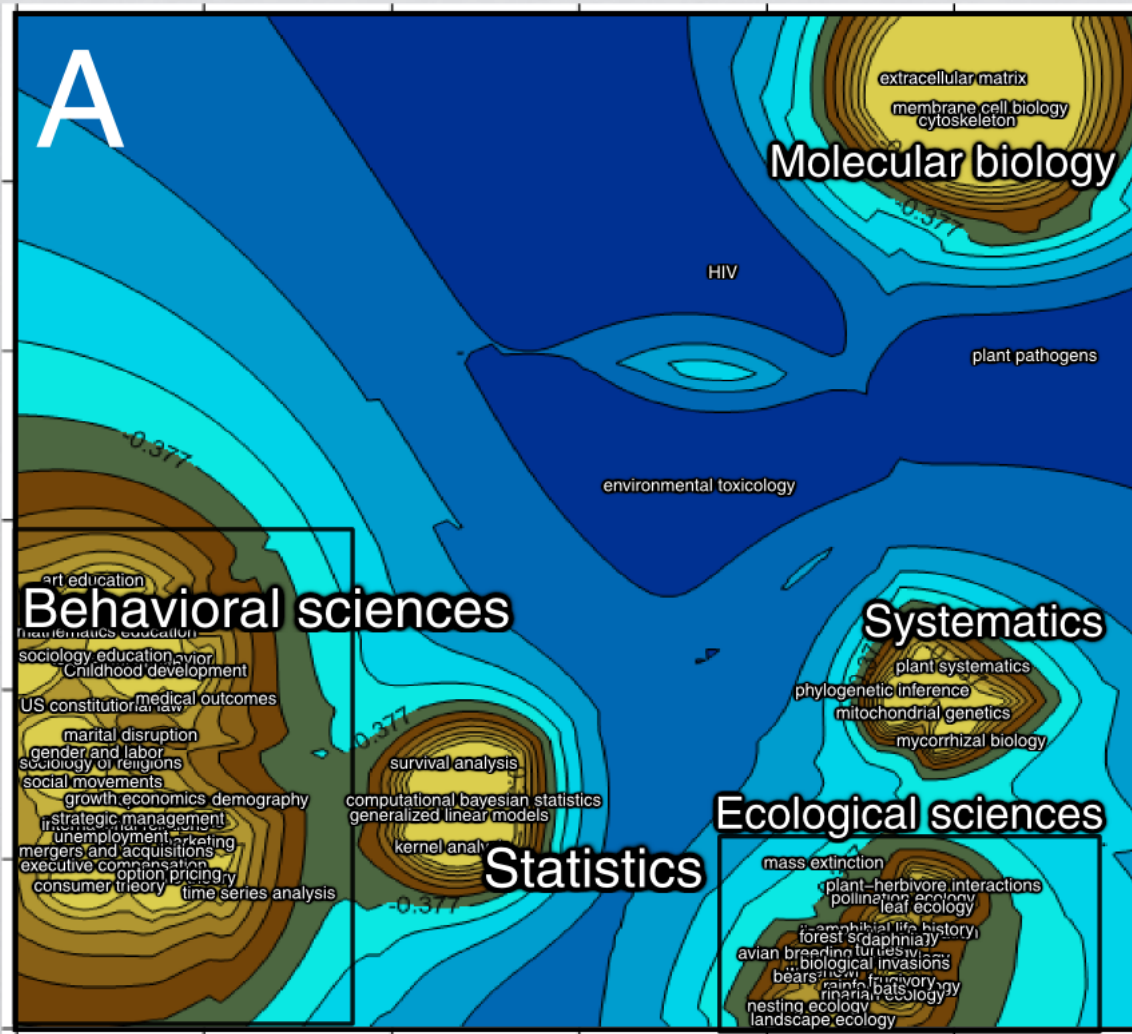


$$\tilde{D}(i, j) = 1 - \frac{\langle d_{ij} \rangle}{\langle d_{ii} \rangle}$$

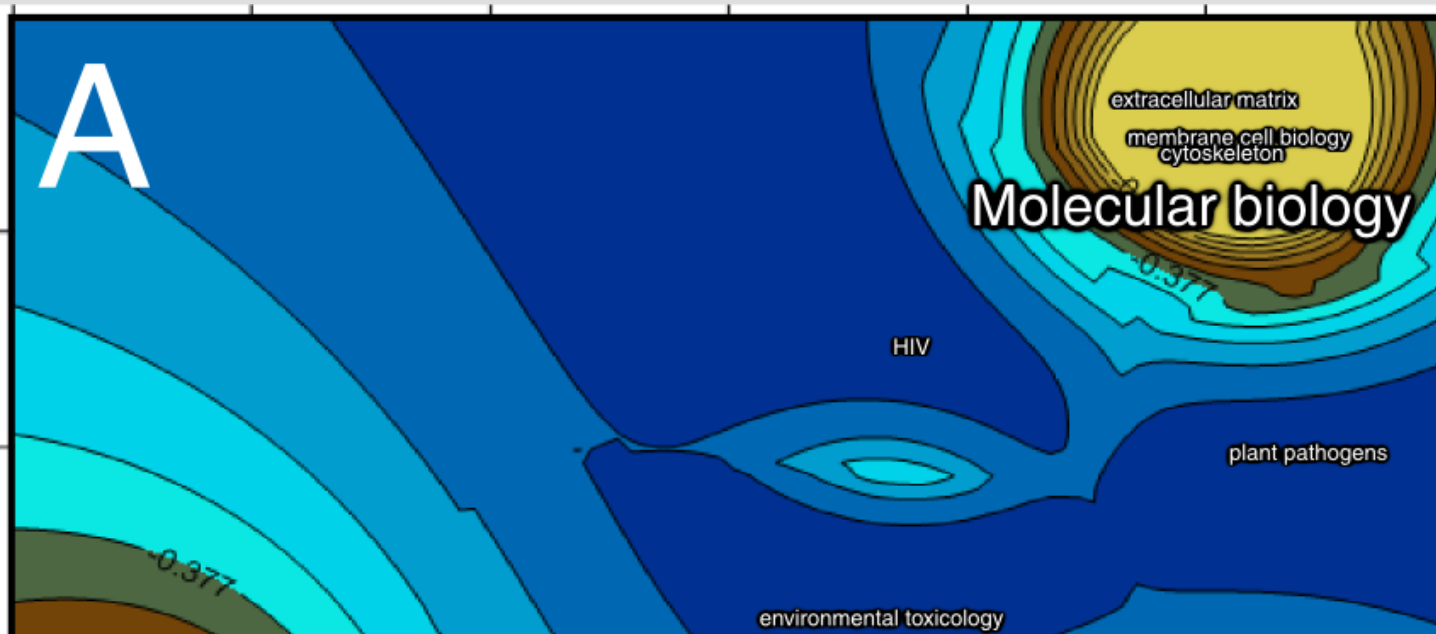
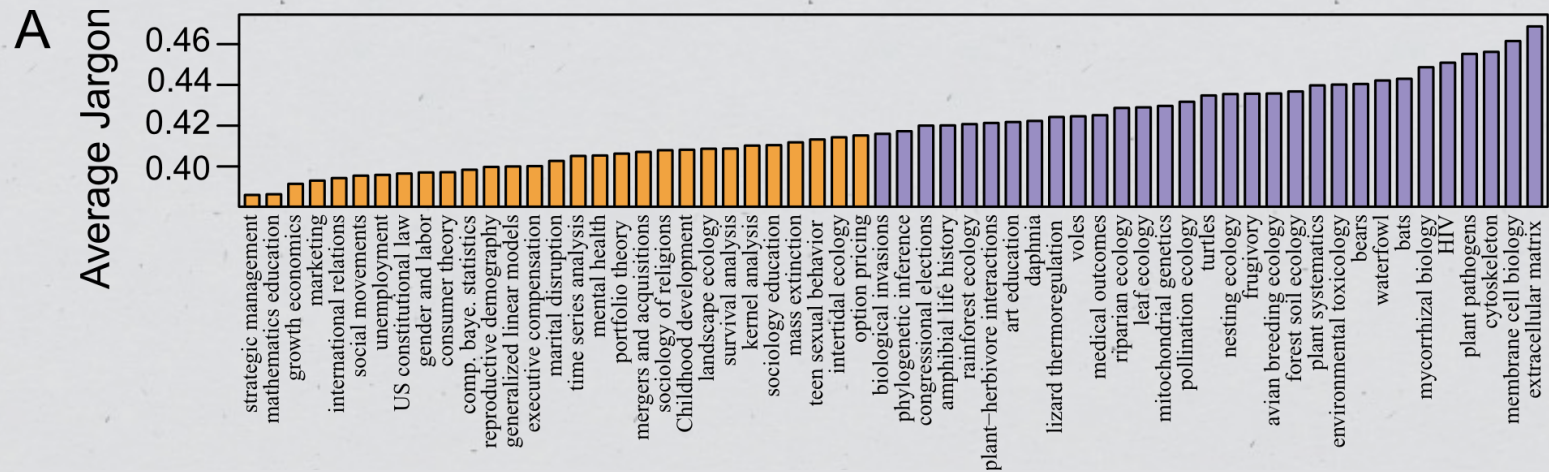


$$E_{ij} = 1 - \beta(1 - e^{-\alpha \tilde{D}(i, j)})$$

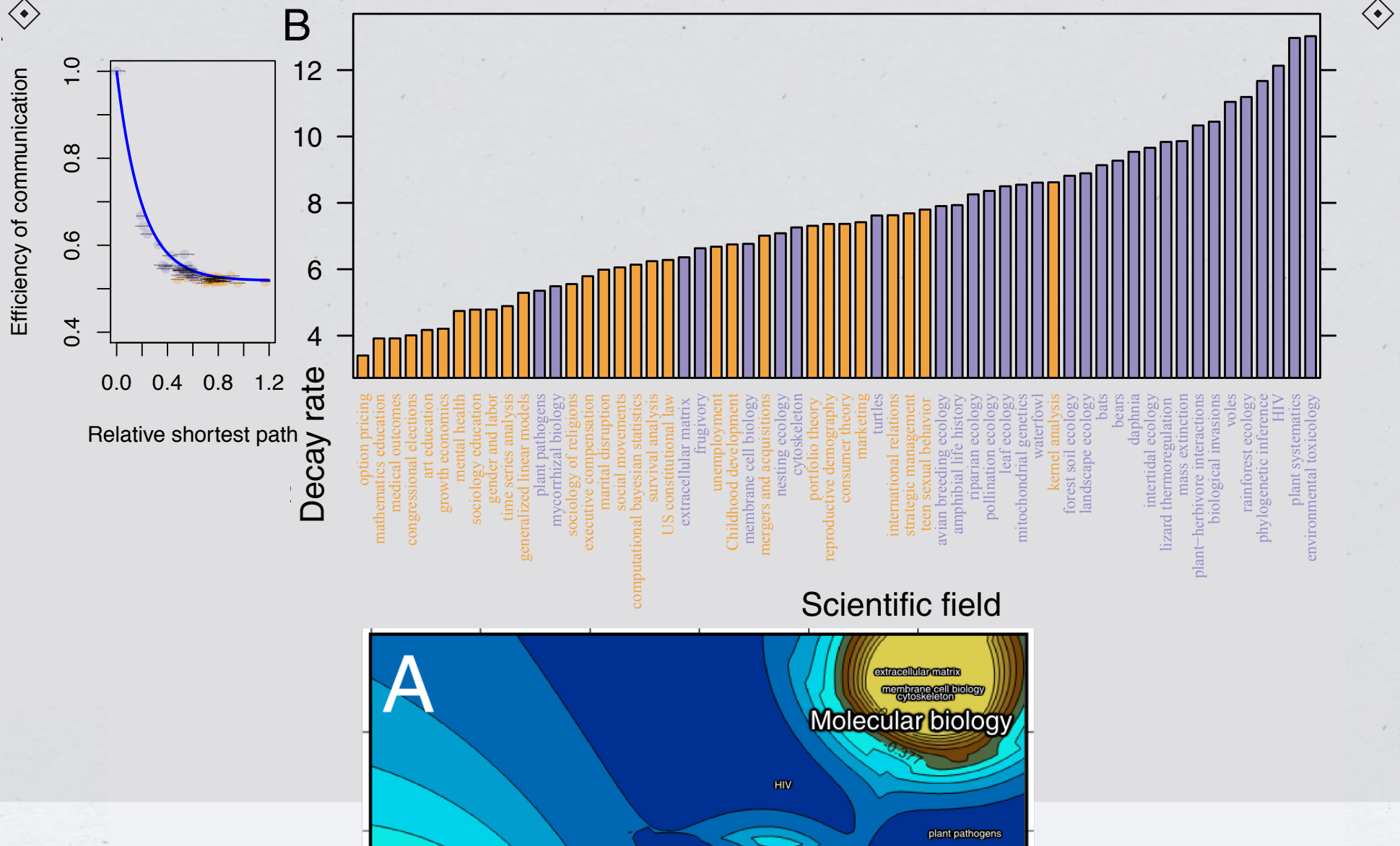
Case 1: Molecular Biology



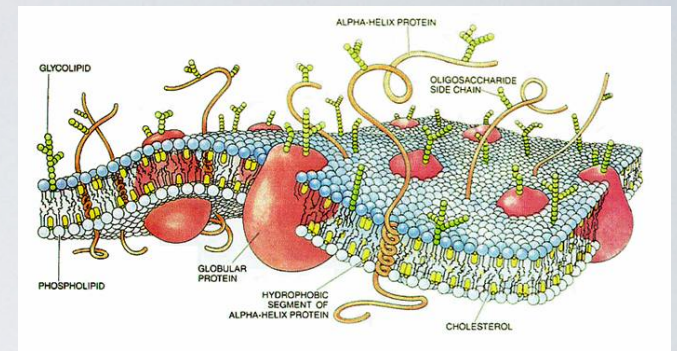
Case 1: Molecular Biology

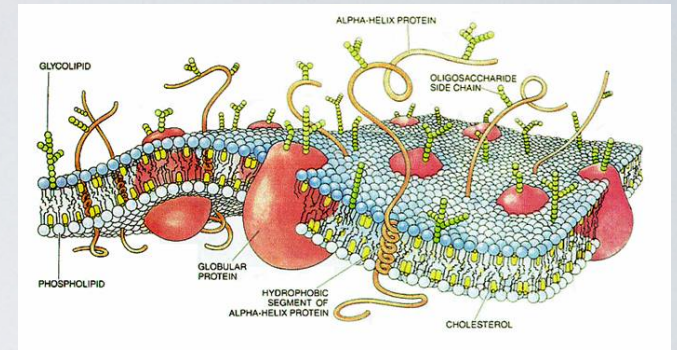
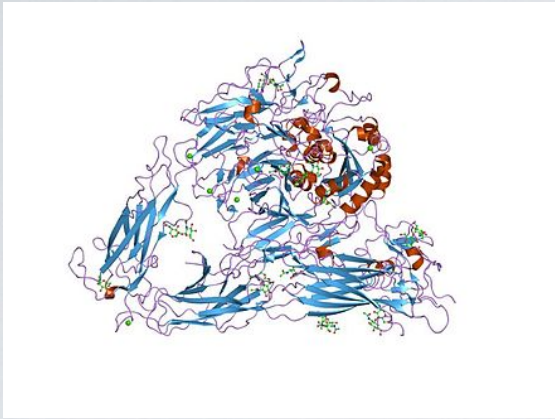


Case 1: Molecular Biology

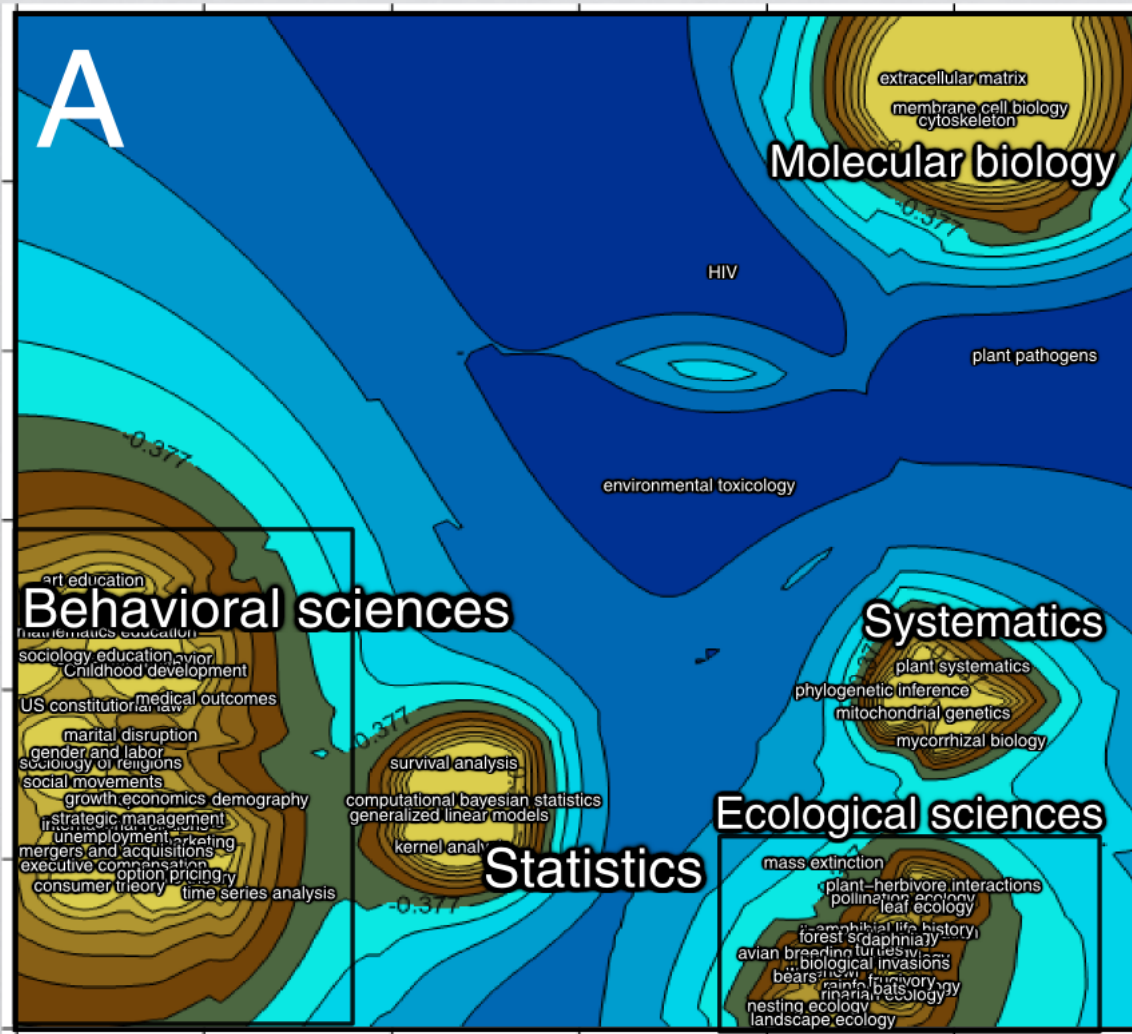






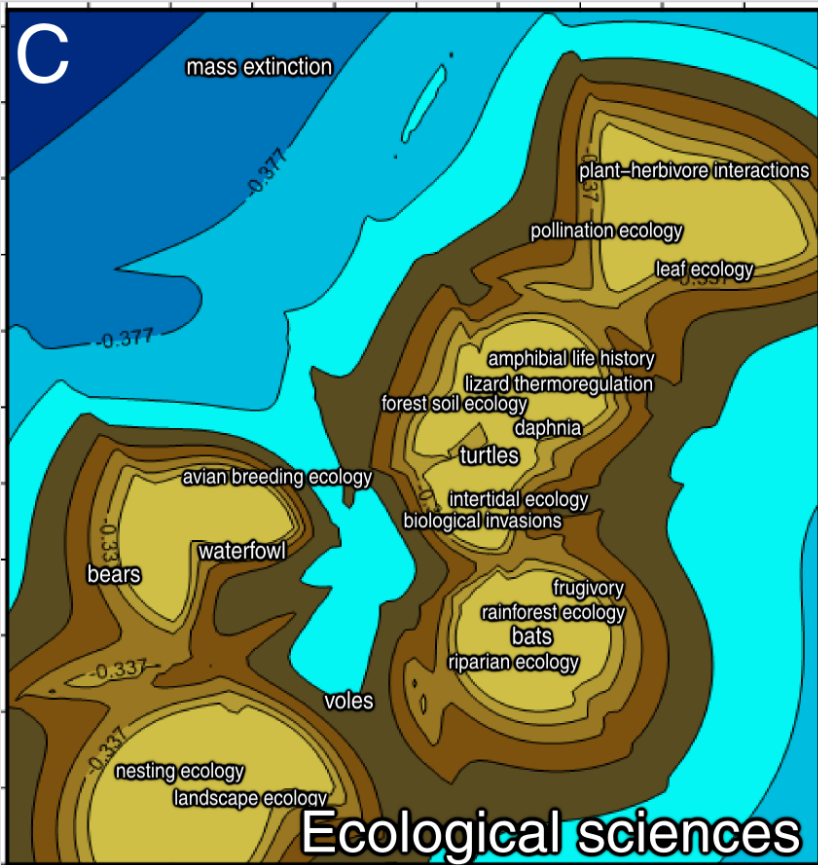
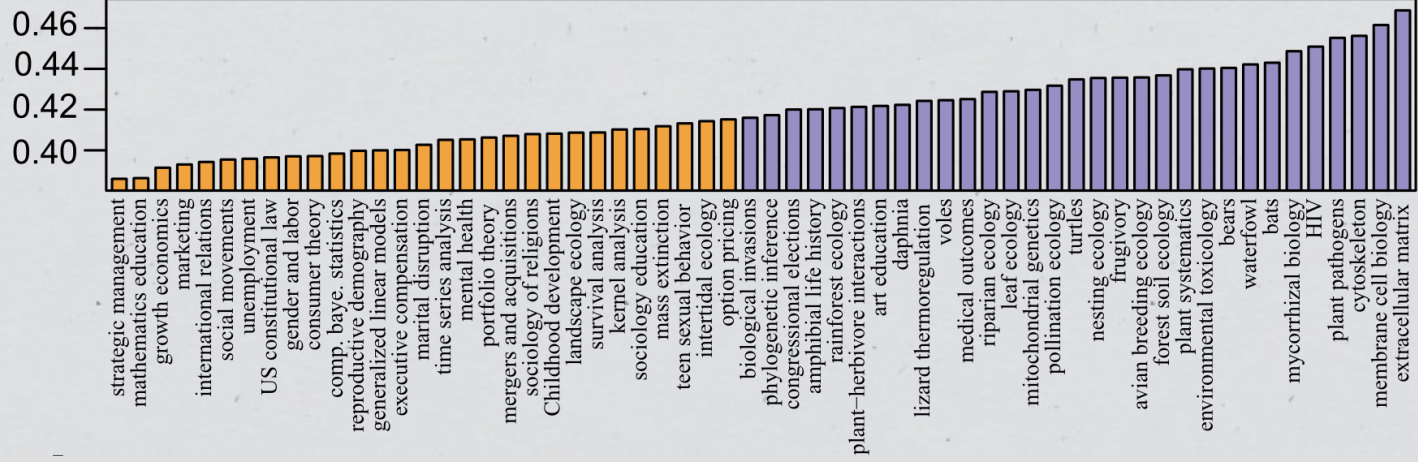


Case 2: Ecological Sciences

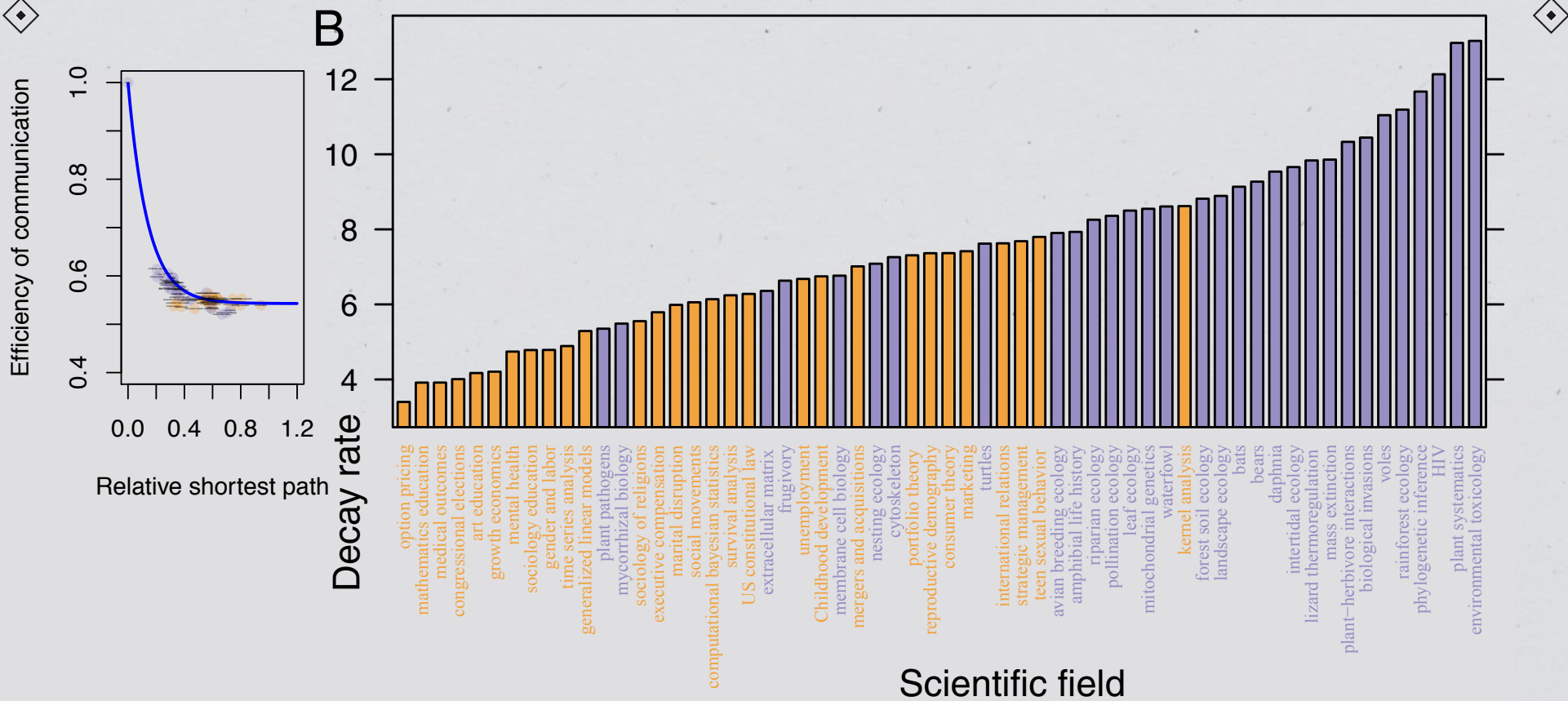


A

Average Jargon



Case 2: Ecological Sciences

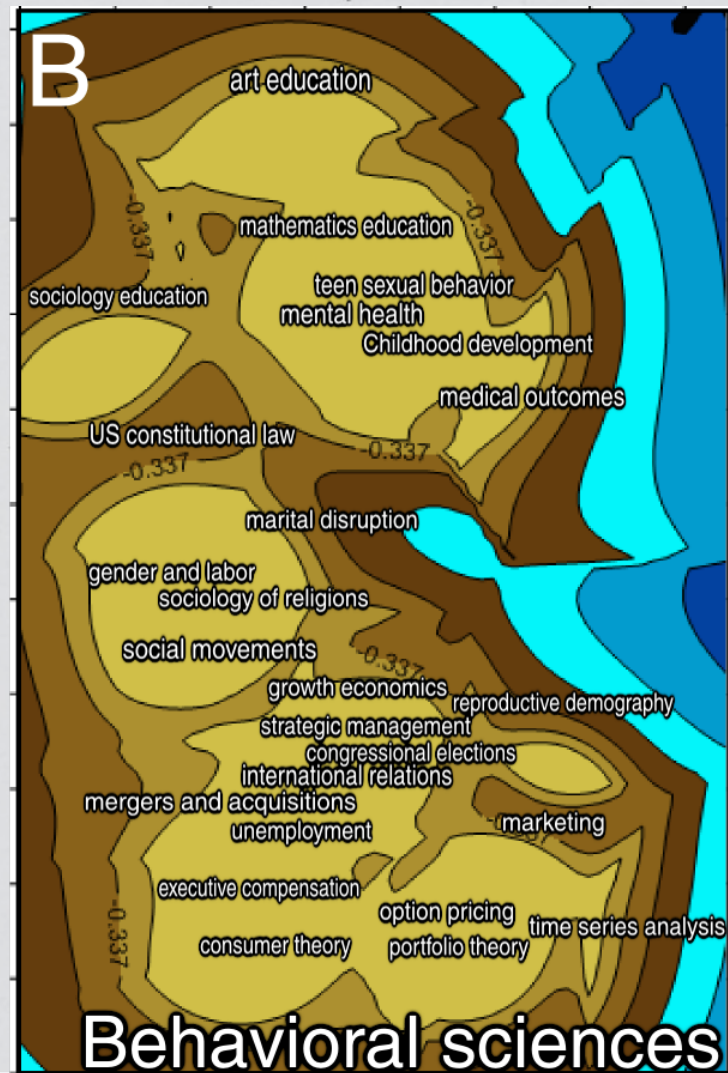




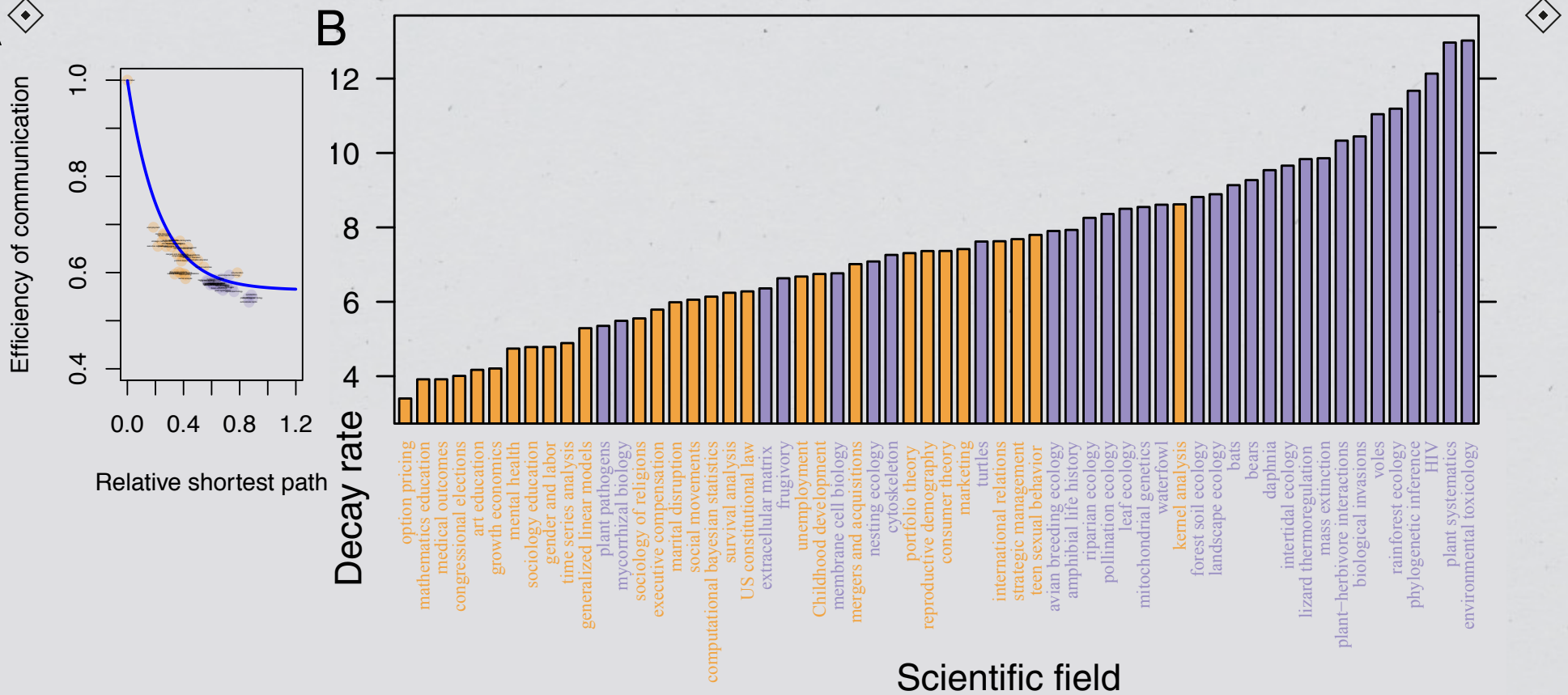


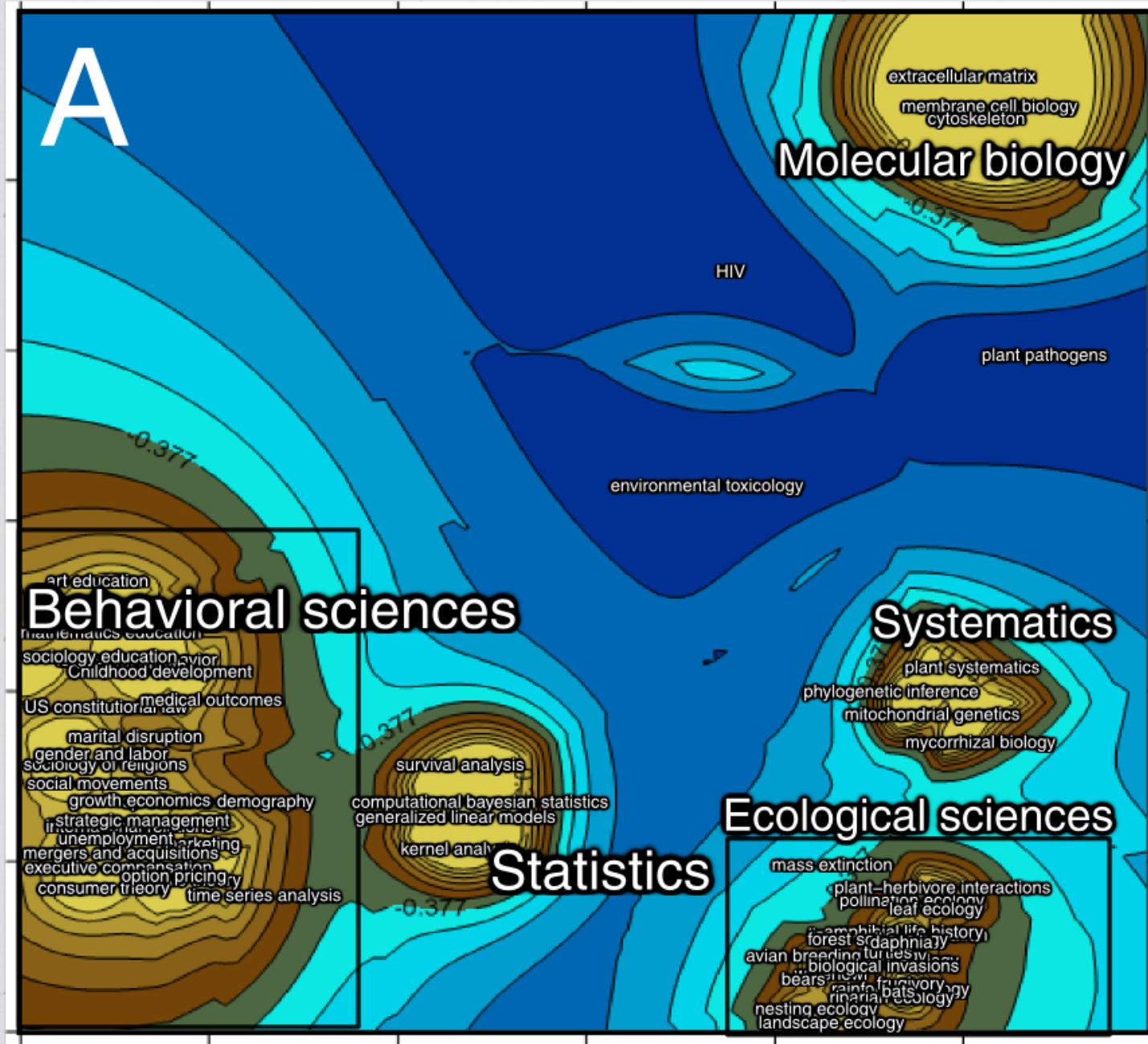


Case 3: Social Sciences



Case 3: Social Sciences





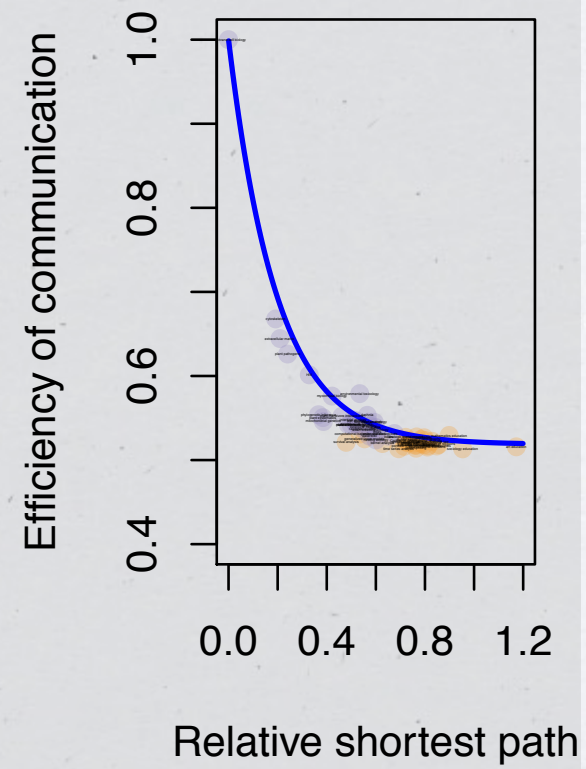
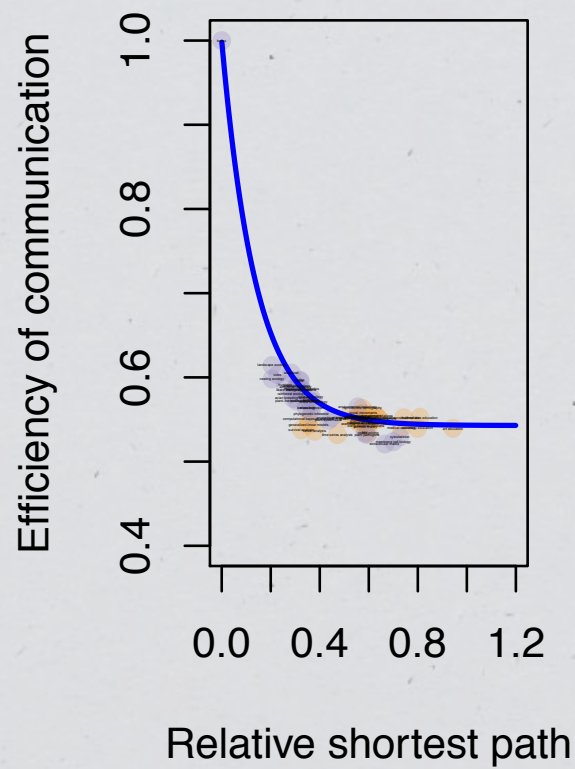
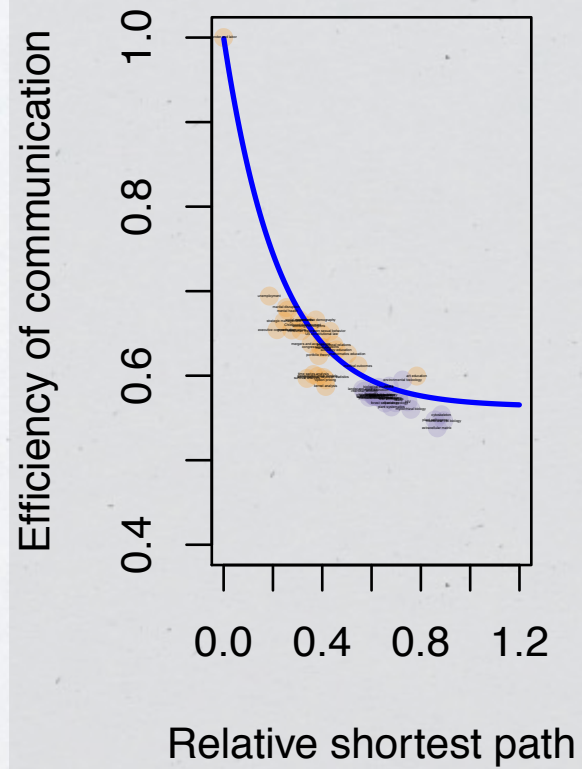
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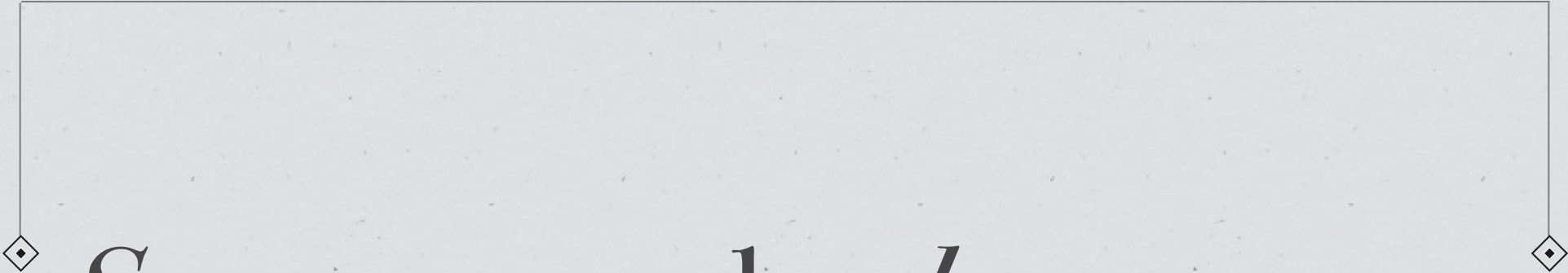
What do cultural holes tell us?

- * Four “domains”, three tied together by scale: social sciences; ecological sciences; molecular biology; statistics
- * Social sciences have lower jargon barriers and smooth intra-domain communication (integrated)
- * Ecological sciences have higher jargon barriers and inefficient communication with neighbors (balkanized by particularities)
- * Molecular sciences have higher jargon barriers but communicate efficiently with neighbors (shared reductive substrate)



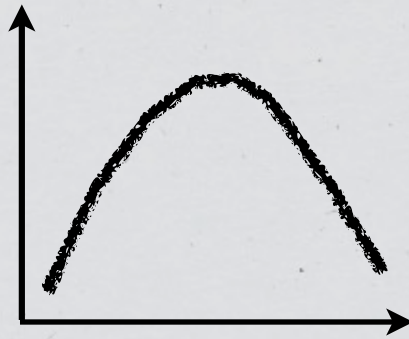
Ways Forward

- * Better models of scientific language (topic models?)
- * More diverse “symbol set” (e.g., white space, equations, etc.)
- * Temporality & temporal dynamics of jargon/cultural holes

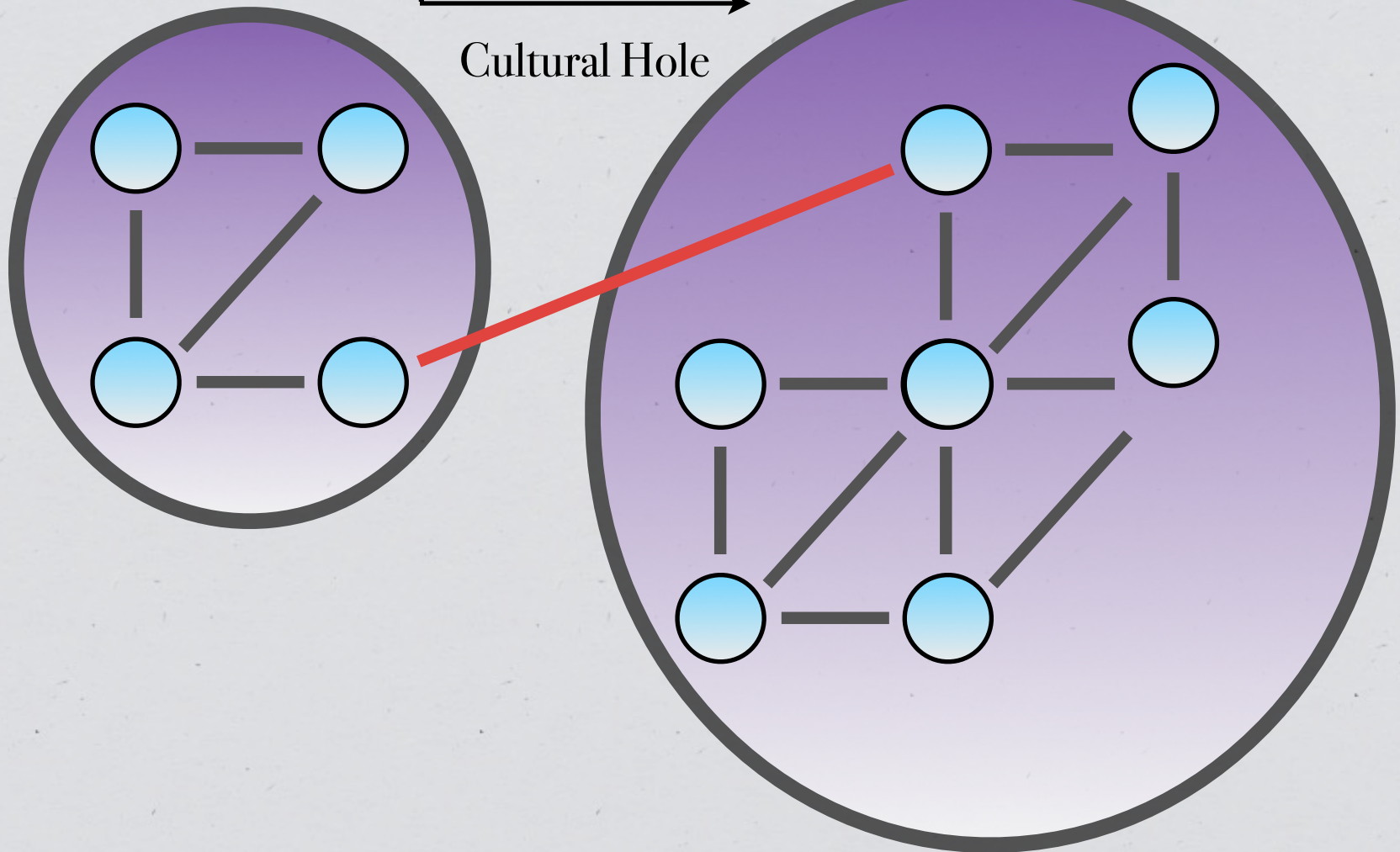


*Structure and culture are
complementary,
cross-cutting,
& co-constituting*

Advantage to Broker

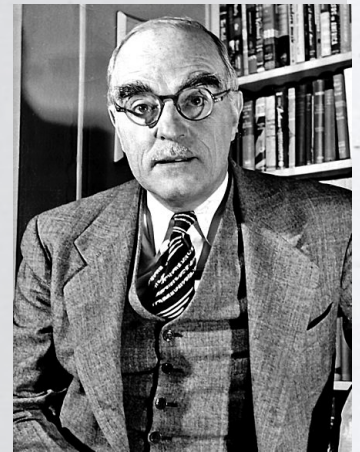
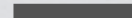
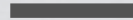


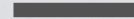
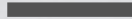
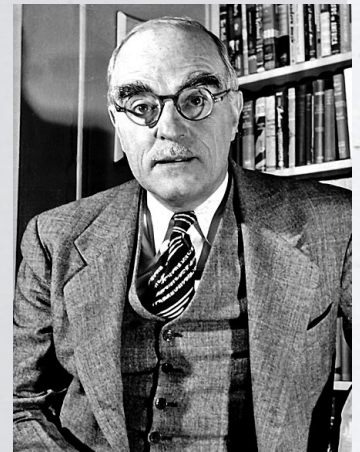
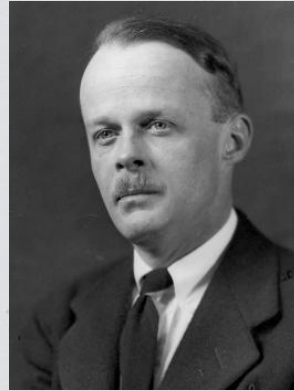
Cultural Hole





FUTURE POSSIBILITIES?







ALIEN OBJECTS